

CCSD series PLC

User manual [Hardware]

WUXI XINJE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

No. PD01 20220307EN 1.1

XINJE

CCSD series PLC
User manual [hardware]

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General descriptions

- Thank you for purchasing Xinje CCSD series PLC.
- This manual mainly introduces CCSD series PLC hardware features etc.
- Please read this manual carefully before using and wire after understanding the content.
- About software and programming instructions, please refer to related manuals.
- Please hand this manual over to operation users.

Notices for users

- Only experienced operator can wire the plc. If any problem, please contact our technical department.
- The listed examples are used to help users to understand, so it may not act.
- Please conform that PLC specifications and principles are suitable when connect PLC to other products.
- Please conform safety of PLC and machines by yourself when use the PLC.
 Machines may be damaged by PLC errors.

Responsibility statement

- The manual content has been checked carefully, however, mistakes may happen.
- We often check the manual and will correct the problems in subsequent version. Welcome to offer advices to us.
- Excuse us that we will not inform you if manual is changed.

Contact information

If you have any problem about products, please contact the agent or Xinje company.

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Do not copy or use manual without written permission. Offenders should be responsible for losses. Please keep all copyrights of our company including practical modules, designed patents and copyrights mentioned in register.

Safety notes

Please read this part carefully before using and operate after understanding the usage, safety and notices. Pay attention to safety and wire correctly.

We have summarized possible problems that may happen and classify them by warning and caution. About other matters, please operate in basic working order.



Caution

Incorrect use may lead to danger, such as moderate and slight injury, property loss.



Warning

Critical miss may lead to serious danger, such as death or serious injury, serious loss of property.

• Conform about products



Caution

Do not install the controller which is damaged, lack parts or type unfit. Otherwise, injury may occur.

Product design



Warning

Please make safety circuit outside controller to make sure the system can run in safety when controller errors. Otherwise, incorrect action or fault may occur.



Caution

Do not put control wiring or power wiring together, separate them at least 10cm in principle. Otherwise, incorrect action or damage may occur.

• Product installation



Warning

Cut off all external power before installing controller. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur.



Caution

- 1. Please install and use the PLC in the environment condition that specified in general specifications in this manual. Do not use in wet, high temperature, smog, conductive dust, corrosive gas, combustible gas, vibration, shock occasion. Otherwise, electric shock, fire disaster, incorrect action, damage etc.
- 2. Do not touch conductive parts of PLC. Otherwise, incorrect action or fault may occur.
- 3. Please install the product by DIN46277 or M3screw and install them on flat surface. Otherwise, incorrect action or damage may occur.
- 4. Avoid ablation powder or clastic wires into product shell when processing screw holes. Otherwise, incorrect action or fault may occur.
- 5. Make sure connection compact and good when using expansion cables to connect expansion modules. Otherwise, bad communication or incorrect action may occur.
- 6. Cut off power when connecting external devices, expansion devices and battery etc. Otherwise, incorrect action or default may occur.

Product wiring



Warning

- 1. Cut off external power before wiring. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur.
- 2. Connect AC or DC power to special power terminal correctly. Otherwise, may burn the controller.
- 3. Close the panel cover plate before controller powering on and running. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur.



Caution

- Do not connect external 24V power to controllers' or expansion modules' 24V and 0V terminals, products damage may occur.
- 2. Use 2mm² cable to ground the ground terminals of expansion modules and controllers, never common ground to high voltage system. Otherwise, products fault or damage may occur.
- 3. Do not wiring between idle terminals. Otherwise, incorrect action or damage may occur.
- 4. Avoid ablation powder or clastic wires into product shell when processing screw holes. Otherwise, incorrect action or fault may occur.
- 5. Tighten up wiring terminals and separate conductive parts. Otherwise, incorrect action or product damage may occur.

Run and maintenance



Warning

- 1. Do not touch terminals after power on. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur.
- 2. Do not connect or move the wires when power on. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur.
- 3. Make sure to stop the PLC before changing the controller program. Otherwise, malfunction may occur.



Caution

- 1. Do not disassemble and assemble product arbitrarily. Damage to product may occur.
- 2. Plug and connect cables on the condition of power off. Otherwise, cable damage or malfunction may occur.
- 3. Do not wire the idle terminals.
 Otherwise, malfunction or damage may occur.
- 4. Cut off the power when disassemble expansion modules, external devices and batteries.
 - Otherwise, malfunction and fault may occur.
- 5. Dispose them as industrial waste when out of use.

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Preface

We will introduce constitution of content, application, convention, relevant manuals and how to get data in this part.

Content Components

This manual includes CCSD series PLC types and system constitutions. It mainly introduces CCSD series PLC basic units' specification, I/O wiring, run and maintenance, and CCSD series PLC expansion modules' parameters, appearance and features etc.

This manual has 9 chapters, an overview of each chapter are as follows:

1. Summary

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC specifications, types and descriptions.

2. Specifications

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC basic units' common specifications, performance specifications, terminal placement, product dimensions, interface descriptions etc.

3. System constitutions

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC system constitutions, peripheral devices, expansion devices, CPU and expansion devices connection principles, products installation, I/O point calculation, I/O address number distribution etc.

4. Power specifications and wiring

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC power specifications, wiring methods.

5. Input specifications and wiring

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC input specifications, input wiring, high speed counting etc.

6. Output specifications and wiring

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC output specifications, relay output and transistor output etc.

7. Run, debug, maintenance

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC run, debug steps, daily maintenance etc.

8. Expansion devices

This chapter mainly introduces I/O expansion modules, analog temperature modules' specifications, dimensions and terminal placements.

9. Switch between soft elements

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC special function that free switch between input and output points.

Appendix 1. Special soft elements schedule

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC special function soft elements, registers and expansion module address distribution etc.

Appendix 2. Instruction schedule

This chapter mainly introduces basic instructions, application instructions and special instructions that CCSD series PLC support.

Appendix 3. PLC function configuration schedule

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC main function of each type for lectotype.

Appendix 4. Common questions A&Q

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD series PLC problems and solutions that may occur when using.

Manual scope of application

This manual is hardware manual of CCSD series PLC, contents are as follows:

1. CCSD series PLC basic units

type	series	model
	C series	CCSD-C32T-E, CCSD-C32T-C, CCSD-C60T-E,
	C series	CCSD-C60T-C
basic unit		CCSD-E30R-E, CCSD-E60R-E, CCSD-E30T-E,
basic unit	E series	CCSD-E60T-E, CCSD-E30PT4-E,
		CCSD-E24R-C, CCSD-E30T4-C, CCSD-E60T4-C
	H series	CCSD-H30A16L-E, CCSD-H30A16L-C
	I/O extension	CCSD-E16X16YR-E, CCSD-E16X16YR-C,
	I/O extension	CCSD-E16X16YT-E, CCSD-E16X16YT-C
extension	AD/DA	CCSD-E8AD, CCSD-E4AD2DA
module	extension	
	temperature	CCSD-E6PT-P, CCSD-E6TC-P
	extension	
extension	aammuniaation	CCSD-NE-BD
BD	communication	

2. Version requirements

• The CCSD series PLC requires the software version to be v3.2 and above.

• There are version requirements for some instructions. Please refer to each instruction for details.

Manual conventions

We use some short names to replace the original names in the manual. The possible names have been listed in the table below to compare.

Short name	Explanation
CCSD series PLC	General name of CCSD series programmable logic
	controllers
Basic units or noumenon	Short name of CCSD series PLC basic units
Expansion devices or	General name of CCSD series PLC expansion modules
expansion units	and BD cards
Expansion modules	General name of CCSD series PLC all expansion modules.
Input and output	Short name of CCSD series PLC all input and output
expansion or I/O	expansion modules
expansion	
Analog expansions	Short name of CCSD series PLC all analog expansion
	modules
Peripheral units	General name of programming software, HMI and
	network modules
Programming software	General name of CCSD series PLC programming software
	XDPPro
HMI	General name of TG, TH, TP, OP, MP series products
TG series	General name of TG series touch screen
TH series	General name of TH series touch screen
TP series	General name of TP series touch screen
OP series	General name of OP series text panel
MP series	General name of MP series touch display

Relevant manual

This manual includes CCSD series PLC hardware, about more application such as programming and instructions, please refer to relevant manuals.

Manual name	Manual introduction	Notes
Installation manual		
CCSD series PLC	Descript CCSD series basic units'	Electronic
installation manual	specification, dimensions, installation,	version
	wiring etc.	Need additional
		request
Programming software		

CCSD series PLC users'	Introduce CCSD series PLC software	Electronic
manual [software]	XDPPro usage and skill etc.	version
		Need additional
		request
Instruction programming	manual	
CCSD series PLC users'	Introduce CCSD series PLC basic	Electronic
manual [instructions]	instructions, application instructions,	version
	communication, PID, C language,	Need additional
	BLOCK etc.	request
Expansion manual		
CCSD series analog	Introduce CCSD series analog,	Electronic
temperature expansion	temperature expansion module feature,	version
manual	parameters, ID, dimension, terminals	need additional
	and wiring etc.	request
X-NET manual		
X-NET fieldbus	Introduce X-NET fieldbus using method	Electronic
communication manual		version
		need additional
		request

Manual Acquisition

Users can get manual above in the following ways:

- 1. Paper manual
 - Please ask product vendor, agent or agency to supply.
- 2. Electronic version
 - Please ask product vendor, agent or agency to supply CD.

1 Summary of CCSD Series PLC

CCSD series PLC have diverse CPU units and expansions with powerful functions. In this chapter, we mainly introduce the CCSD series PLC performance, program summary and product different parts.

- 1-1. Product Specifications
- 1-2. Type Constitute and Type Table
- 1-3. Each Part's Description

1-1. Product Specifications

1-1-1. CCSD series CPU units

1 Models

CCSD series PLC CPU unit have rich product types.

• I/O Points 16, 24, 30, 32, 48, 60 points

• Output Type transistor, relay, transistor and relay mixed.

• Input Type PNP, NPN

• Power Type AC220V, DC24V

Series	Description
CCSD-C (motion fieldbus)	Include 32, 60 points. With full functions. Support 2 axes pulse output, 20-axis X-NET fieldbus motion control, can
	connect expansion module, ED, BD.
CCSD-E (Ethernet model)	Include 30, 60 points model. With full functions. Support Ethernet communication, support 2~10 axes high speed pulse output, connect expansion module, ED and BD. CCSD-E60T4 support online download function.
XDH (motion control, Ethernet)	Contains 30, 60 points functions. It is compatible with most functions of CCSD-E, supports Ethernet communication and EtherCAT bus, supports motion control commands such as interpolation and servo, supports 4 axes high-speed pulse output, connects expansion module, extension ED and BD (30 points models cannot support).

※1: About special function of products, please refer to appendix 3.

2 Powerful functions

CCSD series PLC have rich basic functions and many special functions. Different type is fit for different application.

Abundant basic function

High speed operation

Basic processing instruction: 0.02~0.05us. Scanning time: 10,000 per 1ms. Program capacity is up to 1.5MB (CCSD-H can up to 4MB).

Abundant expansions

The CPU units support 10~16 different expansion modules and 1~2 expansion boards, 1 left expansion ED module.

Multiple communication ports

CPU units have 1~4 communication ports, support RS232, RS485, and can work with many external devices, such as frequency inverters, instruments, printers.

Abundant software capacity

Up to 8000 processes S, 1000 retention processes HS, 70000 intermediate relays M, 12000 retention relays HM, 1280 input relays X, 1280 output relays Y, 5000 normal timers T, 2000 latched timers HT, 5000ounters C, 2000 retention counters HC, 70000 data registers D, 25000 retention data registers HD, 8192 registers FD.

Two programming types

CCSD series PLC support two programming types, instruction list and ladder chart which can switch to each other.

Rich instructions

Include order control, data move and compare, arithmetic, data circulate and shift, pulse output, HSC, interruption, PID etc.

Real time clock

CCSD series PLC has built-in clock to control time.

• Compact size, convenient to install

CCSD series PLC has DIN and screw two installation modes.

Enhanced special function

X-NET fieldbus

CCSD series PLC support X-NET fieldbus, which can fast communicate with CCSD series PLC and TG/TN series HMI. CCSD-C series PLC supports X-NET fieldbus function, can control 20 motors at the same time. Refer to X-NET fieldbus manual for details.

• Ethernet Communication

Ethernet PLC has RJ45 port and supports TCP/IP protocol. It can realize MODBUS-TCP communication and free format communication based on Ethernet. Supports program download, online monitoring, remote monitoring, and communication with other TCP/IP devices.

• EtherCAT bus

CCSD-H series PLC supports EtherCAT bus, it can control up to 32 axes synchronously, and the control cycle is less than or equal to 1ms.

High-speed pulse counter, frequency up to 80KHz

CCSD series PLC CPU units have 2~10 channels two-phase high-speed counter and high-speed counting comparer, can realize single-phase and AB-phase counting, frequency up to 80 KHz.

• High-speed pulse output, frequency up to 100 KHz.

CCSD series PLC^{*1} usually have 2~10 pulse output terminals, pulse frequency up to 100KHz.

• Interruption function

CCSD series PLC interruption functions include external interruption, timing interruption and high-speed counting interruption to meet different interruption demands.

• I/O points switch freely

CCSD series PLC unique function. Do not need to change program when terminals are damaged.

C language function block

C language block makes the program more secured. C language rich operation function can realize many functions, which saves internal space and improves programming efficiency.

PID function on CPU units

CCSD series PLC*1 CPU units have PID control function and auto-tuning control function.

• Sequence BLOCK

Sequence block makes instructions carry out in sequence, especially suitable for pulse output, motion control, module read and write etc, and largely simplifys the program writing.

• 100 segments high speed counting interruption

CCSD series PLC*1 high speed counter have 100 segments 32 bits preset value. Each segment can generate interruption with good real-time, high reliability, low cost.

• PWM(pulse width modulation)

CCSD series PLC**1 PWM function can be used to control DC motor.

• Frequency measure

CCSD series PLC*1 can measure frequency.

• Precise time

CCSD series PLC*1can realize 1ms and 32bit precise timing.

Online download

CCSD-E some models PLC support online download function, which truly realizes PLC non-stop operation.

3 Easy to program

CCSD series also use XDPPro program software. Improved aspects:

• Ladder and instruction can be switched at any time.

- Add Software annotation, ladder annotation, instruction hints etc.
- Offer many editing panel of special instructions.
- Perfect monitor modes: ladder monitor, free monitor, data monitor.
- Mutely-windows display, convenient to manage.
- ※1: Here, CCSD series PLC refers to the PLC that can realize the described functions, that is to say, not all CCSD series PLC can realize the described functions. Refer to Appendix 3 for specific functions of PLC.
- $\mbox{\%}2$: PLC can output high-speed pulse of 100kHz ~ 200kHz, but it can not guarantee the normal operation of all servo systems. Please connect a resistance of about 500 Ω between the output terminal and 24V power supply.

1-1-2. CCSD series Expansions

1 Expansion Modules

To meet control requirement better, CCSD-C, CCSD-E, CCSD-H can connect 16 modules.

> Rich variety

It includes I/O expansion module, analog processing module and temperature control module.

➤ I/O expansion module

Input 8~32 points; Output points: 8~32; Output type: transistor, relay; Power supply: DC24V.

➤ Analog quantity processing module

Type: AD, DA, AD/DA; Number of channels: AD 4~12, DA 2~4; Power supply: DC24V.

➤ Temperature control module

Type: PT100, thermocouple; Number of channels: 2~6; PID control: built-in, relay; Power supply: DC24V.

2 Expansion BD

CCSD series can connect expansion BD board, 24~32 points can connect 1 BD, 48~60 points type can connect 2 BD boards. (16 points cannot connect BD)

 RS485 communication BD: X-NET interface, filedbus communication function, CCSD-NE-BD

- Optical fiber BD: X-NET optical fiber interface, filedbus communication function, CCSD-NO-BD
- RS232 communication BD: CCSD-NS-BD
- Precise clock BD: CCSD-RTC-BD provides more accurate clock function than PLC itself, and the error is less than 13 seconds per month.

1-2. Model list

1-2-1. CCSD series basic unit model and list

1 Basic unit model

CCSD series PLC basic unit model constitute:

CC SD
$$\frac{\text{H}}{\text{1}} \frac{30}{\text{2}} \frac{\text{A16}}{\text{3}} \frac{\text{T4}}{\text{4}} - \frac{\text{E}}{\text{5}}$$

		E: Ethernet type			
1	Series type	C: motion fieldbus control type			
		H: EtherCAT bus type			
		30: 18 input/12 output			
2	I/O points	32: 18 input/ 14 output (or 16 input/16 output)			
		60: 36 input/ 24 output			
		A16: Control 16 axes EtherCAT slave station			
	EtherCAT motion	A16L: simple configuration of motion control function,			
3		which controls 16 axes EtherCAT slave station and does			
	control function	not support electronic cam			
		A32: control 32 axes EtherCAT slave station			
		R: Relay output			
		T: Transistor output, 2-channel pulse output			
		T4: transistor output, 4-channel pulse output			
4	Output maint tyma	T4L: transistor output, 4-channel pulse output, program			
4	Output point type	capacity expansion type			
		T6: transistor output, 6-channel pulse output			
		T10: transistor output, 10 channel pulse output			
		RT: relay transistor mixed output, 2-channel pulse output			
		E: AC power supply (220V)			
5	Power supply	C: DC power supply (24V)			
		1 11 7 \ /			

2 Basic unit model list

CCSD-C series list

			Тур	e			Input	Outnut
	AC power			DC power				Output
	Relay	Transistor	Relay/transistor	Relay	Transistor	Relay/transistor	points (DC24V)	points (R, T)
	output	output	mixed	output	output	mixed	(DC24V)	(K, 1)
NIDNI	-	CCSD-C32T-E	-	-	CCSD-C32T-C	-	18	14
NPN	-	CCSD-C60T-E	-	-	CCSD-C60T-C	-	36	24

CCSD-E series list

Type AC power DC power								Output
	Relay output	Transistor output	Relay/transistor mixed	Relay output	Transistor output	Relay/transistor mixed	points (DC24V)	points (R, T)
	CCSD-E30R-E	CCSD-E30T-E	-	-	-	-	16	14
NPN	-		-	-	CCSD-E30T4-C	-	16	14
INPIN	CCSD-E60R-E	CCSD-E60T-E	-	CCSD5E-60R-C	-	-	36	24
	-		-	-	CCSD-E60T4-C	-	36	24
PNP	-	CCSD-E30PT4-E	-	-	-	-	16	14

CCSD-H series list

	Туре							Outnut
	AC power				DC power		Input points	Output points
	Relay	Transistor output	Relay/transistor	Relay	Transistor output	Relay/transistor		-
	output		mixed	output		mixed	(DC24V)	(K, 1)
NIDNI	-	CCSD-H30A16-E	-	-	-	-	16	14
NPN					CCSD-H30A16L-C		16	14

1-2-2. CCSD expansion module list

1 I/O expansion

I/O expansion modules name constitute:

$$\frac{\text{CCSD}}{1} - \frac{E}{2} \frac{8}{3} \frac{X}{4} \frac{8}{5} \frac{Y}{6} - \frac{E}{7}$$

1	Series name	CCSD
2	Expansion module	E
3	Input points	8 or 16 or 32
4	Special for input	When input is NPN: X When input is PNP: PX
5	Output points	8 or 16 or 32
6	Output mode	YR: relay output YT: transistor output
7	Power supply type	E: AC220V C: DC24V

• I/O expansion module type list

	• ,	Model Out	I/O points	Input points	Output points	
type	Input	Relay output	Transistor output		(DC24V)	(R, T)
NPN	-	CCSD-E16X16YR-E	CCSD-E16X16YT-E	32	16	16
INPIN	-	CCSD-E16X16YR-C	CCSD-E16X16YT-C	32	16	16

•	Analog temperature
4	modules

Analog, temperature model constitute:

$$CCSD - \underbrace{E}_{\boxed{1}} \underbrace{4AD}_{\boxed{2}} \underbrace{2DA}_{\boxed{3}} \underbrace{6PT}_{\boxed{4}} \underbrace{6TC}_{\boxed{5}} - \underbrace{P}_{\boxed{6}}$$

1	Expansion module	E: expansion module
2	Analoginnut	4AD: 4 channels analog input
2	Analog input	8AD: 8 channels analog input
3	Analog output	2DA: 2 channels analog output
4	Temperature input	6PT: 6 channels PT100 sensor input

5	Temperature input	6TC: 6 channels thermocouple sensor input
6	Type	P: PID control

Analog, temperature expansion module type schedule

<u> </u>	1	J 1	
1	model	description	
an al a a in must	CCSD-E8AD	8 channels analog input, 4-channel	
analog input		voltage, 4-channel current	
analog I/O CCSD-E4AD2DA		4 channels analog input, 2 channels	
		analog output	
temperature	CCSD-E6PT-P	6 channels PT100 temperature input,	
measurement		with PID control function	

3	Extension BD board
	BD board

The naming rule of extension BD board:

$$\frac{\text{CCSD-}\underline{\text{NE}}-\underline{\text{BD}}}{\boxed{1}}\underline{\boxed{2}}$$

①: BD type NE: RS485 port

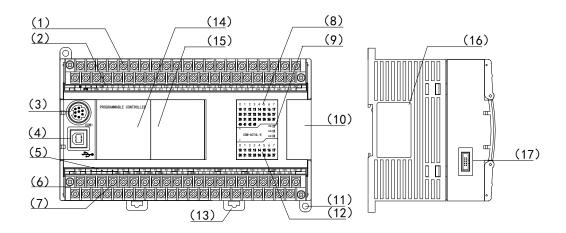
②: product type BD: extension BD board

• Extension BD board model list

Model		Description
communication	CCSD-NE-BD	RS485 communication, X-NET protocol, bus communication
Communication		function

1-3. Each Part's Description

1-3-1. CCSD series structure



Each part's name is listed below:

- (1): Input & power supply terminals
- (2): Input terminal label
- (3): COM1
- (4): USB port
- (5): Output terminal label
- (6): Output & 24V power terminals
- (7): output terminal, RS485 port(COM2)
- (8): Input action display
- (9): system LED

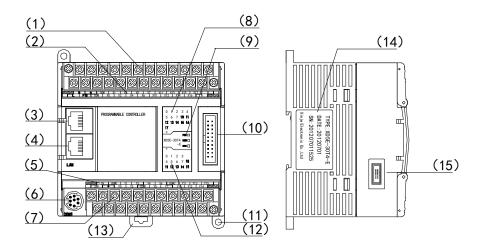
PWR: power supply RUN: working ERR: error

- (10): expansion module connection port
- (11): installation hole (2 holes)
- (12): output action display
- (13): rail mounting hook (2 hooks)
- (14): expansion BD (COM4)
- (15): expansion BD (COM5)
- (16): product label
- (17): expansion ED (COM3)

Note: (1) for the PLC hardware version below 3.2, position 4 is RS232 port.

- (2) for CCSD-C series PLC, position 4 is RS232 port.
- (3) for CCSD-C series PLC, position 4 RS232 port and terminal A and B (RS485 port) is the same port, they cannot be used at the same time.

1-3-2. CCSD-E24/30, CCSD-H30 structure



Each part's name is listed below:

- (1): input terminal, power supply input, RS485 (COM2)
 - (2): input label
 - (3): RJ45 port1
 - (4): RJ45 port2
 - (5): output label
 - (6): RS232 (COM1)
- (7): output terminal, 24V output terminal
 - (8): input indicator light

(9): system indicator light

PWR: power

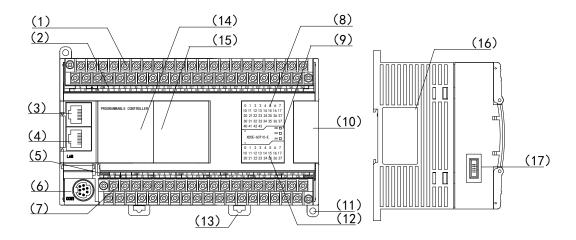
RUN: run

ERR: error

- (10): expansion module access
- (11): installation hole (2 holes)
- (12): output indicator light
- (13): rail installation hook
- (14): product label
- (15): left extension ED module interface

(COM3)

1-3-3. CCSD-E48/60, CCSD-H60 structure



Each part's name is listed below:

- 1: Input & power supply terminals
- 2: Input terminal label
- 3: RJ45 port 1
- 4: RJ45 port 2
- 5: Output terminal label
- 6: RS232 port (COM1)
- 7: output terminal, RS485

port(COM2)

- 8: Input action display
- 9: system LED

PWR: power supply RUN: working

ERR: error

10: expansion module connection port

11: installation hole (2 holes)

12: output action display

13: rail mounting hook (2 hooks)

14: expansion BD (COM4)

15: expansion BD (COM5)

16: product label

17: left expansion ED module access (COM3)

Note: CCSD-H60T4 (version lower than v3.7.1) series cannot support extension BD and ED module.

2 Specifications and parameters of CPU

This chapter mainly introduces CCSD CPU's general specifications, performance, dimensions, terminals arrangement and communication interfaces.

The Expansions' description, please refer to CCSD series expansion module manual.

2-1. Specification and Parameters

2-2. External Dimensions

2-3. Terminals Arrangement

2-4. Communication Interfaces

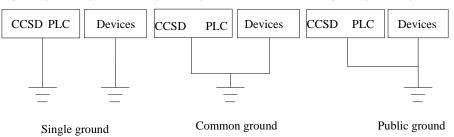
2-1. Specifications and Parameters

2-1-1. General Specifications

This specification is fit for CCSD series PLC.

Items	Specifications			
Isolation	Above DC 500V 2MΩ			
voltage				
Anti-noise	Noise voltage 1000Vp-p 1us pulse per 1minute			
Atmosphere	No corrosive, flammable gas			
Ambient	0°C~60°C			
temperature	0°C~50°C (CCSD-H series)			
Ambient	5%~95% (NO condensation)			
humidity				
Altitude	Within 2000 meter			
USB port	USB download port, connect PC to upload/download/online			
	monitoring			
COM0	RS-232, to connect upper computer, HMI for program or			
	debug.			
COM1	RS-232, to connect upper computer, HMI for program or			
	debug.			
COM2	RS-485, to connect intelligent instruments or inverters.			
COM3	To connect left extension ED module			
Ethernet port	RJ45, connect to upper device, monitoring, connect to other			
	devices in the LAN			
Installation	Use M3screws or DIN to fix			
Grounding	The third type grounding (do not grounding with strong			
(FG)	power system)			

- $\mbox{\%}\ 1$: CCSD-C, CCSD-E, CCSD-H series models do not have USB ports.
- * 4: For CCSD-C series PLC, COM2 port is divided into RS232 and RS485 communication interfaces, and the two communication interfaces cannot be used at the same time.
- % 6: Ethernet port is only available for CCSD-E, CCSD-H series PLCs.
- * 7: The specification of the guide rail is DIN46277, and the width is 35mm. XL series PLC only supports the installation of the guide rail.
- 8: Separate grounding or common grounding should be used instead of public grounding.



2-1-2. Performance and Specifications

CCSD series PLC specifications:

	series PLC sp		10113.			C	:c:4·			
Item Program execution		Specification								
	Cyclic scanning mode									
Prograi	mming mode					Command	-			
Proce	ssing speed		CCSD-C/CCSD-H30: 0.02~0.05us							
		CCSD-E/CCSD-H60: 0.01~0.03us								
Power	r-off holding	General PLC uses FlashROM and lithium battery (3V button battery)								
User pro	gram capacity		CCSD-C: 384KB							
Cour pro	*1						D-E; 1MB			
				С	CSD-H:	2MB (30 _I	points) / 41	MB (60 pc	oints)	
	Total	10	16	5	24	30	32	42	48	60
		5	8		14 or	16	18 or	24	28	36
					12		16			
	Input points	X0~X4	X0~	X7	X0~X15	X0~X17	X0~X21	X0~X27	X0~X33	X0~X43
I/O					or		or			
*2					X0-X13		X0~X17			
		5	8		10 or	14	14 or	18	20	24
	Output points				12		16			
		Y0~Y4	Y0~	Y7	Y0~Y11	Y0~Y15	Y0~Y15	Y0~Y21	Y0~Y23	Y0~Y27
					or		or			
					Y0-Y13		Y0~Y17			
		-	1280 points: X0~X77, X10000~X11777, X20000~X20177, X30000~X30077							
Internal coil (Y) *4		1280 points: Y0~Y77, Y10000~Y11777, Y20000~Y20177, Y30000~Y30077								
	General use		70000 points CCSD-C/CCSD-E: M0~M69999							
	M	200000	000000 CCSD-H: M0~M199999							
Internal		points								
coil				CCSDC/CCSD5E: HM0~HM11999						
)	-		s CCSD-H: HM0~HM19999						
		5000 poi								
	SM [*] 6	50000 pc				M0~SM49				
	General use	8000 poi	nts	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: S0~S7999						
Flow	S	20000 po	oints	CCSD-H: S0~S19999						
1 10 W	Power-off	1000 poi	nts	CC	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: HS0~HS999					
	holding HS^{*_5}	2000 poi	nts	CC	SD-H: H	S0~HS199	99			
	General use	5000 poi	nts	CC	SD-C/CC	SD-E: TO	~T4999			
Timor	T	20000 pc	oints	CC	SD-H: T	0~T19999				
Timer	Power-off	2000 55	nto	CC	SD-C/CC	SD-E/CCS	D-H: H	T0~HT19	99	
	Power-off holding HT ^{*5}	2000 poi	nts							

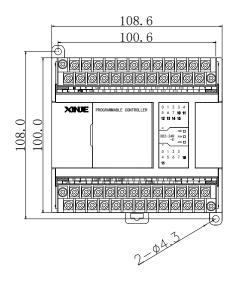
Item			Specification				
	Precise timing ET	26 points	ET0~ET25				
		100ms timer: set time 0.1~3276.7sec.					
Specification		10ms timer: set time 0.01~327.67sec.					
		1ms timer: set time 0.001~32.767sec.					
	general use	5000 points	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: C0~C4999				
	C	20000 points	CCSD-H: C0~C19999				
Counter	Power-off holding HC ^{*5}	2000 points	CCSD-C/CCSD-E/CCSDH: HC0~HC1999				
Counter	High speed		HSC0~HSC39				
	Cracification	16-bit counter	r: K0~32,767				
	Specification	32-bit counter	r: -2147483648~+2147483647				
	general use	70000 points	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: D0~D69999*7				
	D D	500000	CCSD-H: D0~D499999				
	D	points					
	power-off	25000 points	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: HD0~HD24999				
Data	holding HD ^{**} 5	50000 points	CCSD-H: HD0~HD49999				
register			CCSD-C/CCSD-E: SD0~SD4999				
register		65488 points	CCSD-H: SD0~SD65487				
	Special	1024 points	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: HSD0~HSD1023				
	power-off		CCSD-H: HSD0~HSD49999				
	holding	50000 points					
	HSD						
	power-off	8192 points	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: FD0~FD8191				
Elech	holdingFD*5	65536 points	CCSD-H: FD0~FD65535				
Flash ROM	special use	6000 points	CCSD-C/CCSD-E: SFD0~SFD5999				
register	SFD^{st_6}	50000 points	CCSD-H: SFD0~SFD49999				
108.5001	Special secret register FS	48 points	FS0~FS47				
WAIT command special coil		32 points	SEM0~SEM31				
• •	eed processing ability	High speed counting, pulse output, external interrupt					
Passwo	ord protection	6-bit ASCII					
Self diag	gnosis function	Power on self-test, monitoring timer, syntax check					

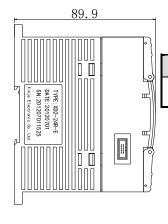
Note:

- * 1: User program capacity refers to the maximum program capacity during confidential downloading.
- * 2: I/O points refer to the number of terminals that users can input and output signals from outside.
- * 3: X refers to the internal input relay. X beyond I points can be used as an intermediate relay.
- * 4: Y refers to the internal output relay. Y exceeding the number of O points can be used as an intermediate relay.
- ※ 5: [] mark is the default power-off holding area and cannot be changed.
- * 6: Special purpose refers to the special purpose register occupied by the system, which cannot be used for other purposes. See Appendix 1 for details.
- * 8: The numbers of input coils, output relays/transistors are octal numbers, and the numbers of other memories are decimal numbers.
- * 9: The I/O not connected to the peripheral equipment can be used as a fast internal relay.
- * 10: CCSD-H does not support accurate timing temporarily.

2-2. Dimensions

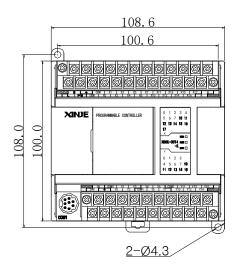
2-2-1. CCSD series dimensions

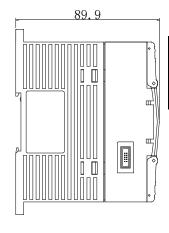




Suitable Model:

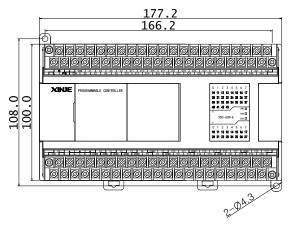
Series	Points
CCSD-C	32

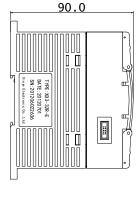




Suitable Model:

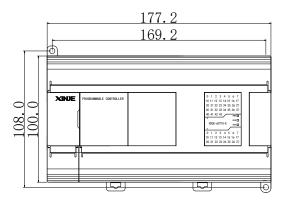
Series	Points	
CCSD-E	24/30	
CCSD-H	30	

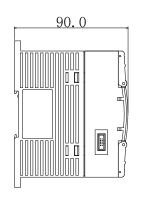




Suitable Model:

Series	Points
CCSD-C	60





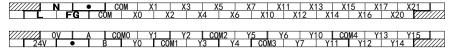
Suitable model:

Series	Points	
CCSD-E	60	
CCSD-H	60	

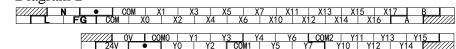
2-3. Terminal arrangement

2-3-1. CCSD series terminal arrangement

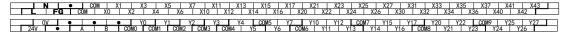
Diagram1



• Diagram 2



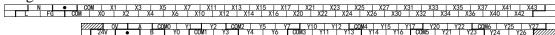
• Diagram 3



• Diagram 4

////// N	• COM X1	X3 X5 X	./ X11 X13 X <u>15</u>	• B
L FG	COM XO	2 X4 X6	X10 X12 X14	• A //////
	7/// OV YO	COM1 Y3 Y	<u>′5 Y6 Y10 •</u>	• •
	24V COMO	1 Y2 Y4	COM2 Y7 Y11	• • <i>//////</i>

• Diagram 5



The graph for the model:

Diagram	Suitable model	Note
Diagram1	CCSD-C32T	18 input/14 output
Diagram2	CCSD-E30T, CCSD-E30T4, CCSD-H30A16,	16 input/14 output
	CCSD-H30A16L	
Diagram3	CCSD-C60	36 input/24 output
Diagram4	CCSD-E24R	14 input/10 output
Diagram5	CCSD-E60T, CCSD-E60T4	36 input/24 output

Note:

- \times 1: The above terminal arrangement diagram is -E type PLC (power input terminals are L, N). L and N of -C type PLC are power input terminals 24V+ and 24 respectively.
- * 2: 24V and 0V on the output terminal block are external output terminals, which can supply power to the module or sensor, but must not exceed its maximum output current. See Section 4-1 for details.
- * 3: FG is a grounding terminal, which is used to shield interference and can be grounded separately as required.
- * 4: Common terminal COM of input terminal corresponds to all input points; COM on the output terminal block corresponds to different Y output points. When using, please wire according to the actual division on the PLC output label.
- ※ 5: Terminals A and B on the terminal block are RS485 communication interfaces, A is RS485+, B is RS485 -.
- * 6: The above terminal arrangement diagram is applicable to both NPN type and PNP type.

2-4. Communication Ports

CCSD series generally has USB port (not available for individual models), COM1 (RS232), COM2 (RS485, CCSD-C RS485/RS232), and Ethernet port (supported by CCSD-E/CCSD-H).

The main functions of each communication port are as follows:

- The USB port can be used to download programs and data at high speed;
- The COM1 and COM2 ports are mainly used for communication and can also be used to download programs;

• The Ethernet port can be used to download programs, monitor, and communicate with other devices in the LAN. The LAN2 port of CCSD-H is used for EtherCAT bus control, which can control up to 32 axes at the same time.



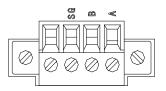
RS232 port can upload, download program and communication. COM1 support X-NET and Modbus mode. The pin diagram of COM1, COM2 (only for CCSD-C series) are shown as below:



Mini Din 8-core plug-in (holes)

2 RS485 port

The COM2 of CCSD series PLC are the terminal A and B. A is RS485+, B is RS485-.



3 Ethernet port

The Ethernet port is RJ45 access, can upload, download program, online monitoring, remote monitoring, communicate with other device in the LAN.

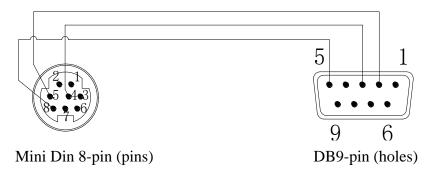
In addition, the LAN2 port of CCSD-H can be used for EtherCAT bus control, which can control up to 32 axes at the same time, and the control cycle is less than 1ms.





download program via RS232 port must use XINJE DVP cable.

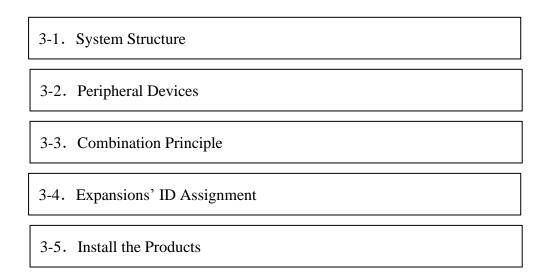
Program cables are as below:



Note: above diagram is for DVP cable. If it is XVP cable, please connect pin1 of Mini Din8 and pin7 of DB9 based on above diagram.

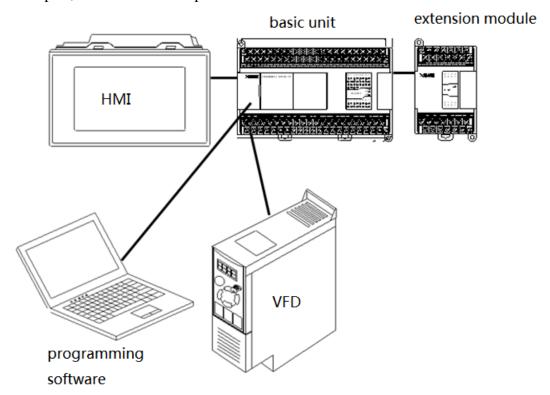
3 System Structure

As the controllers, CCSD series PLC can connect with many kinds of peripheral devices, expansion devices. In this chapter, we mainly introduce PLC basic units, peripheral devices and expansion devices connection. And also introduce the connection principle of PLC with expansions, products installation, points calculation, address number distribution etc.



3-1. System Structure

According to CCSD series PLC basic configuration, we build the system structure chart as below. We can know the general connection among PLC, peripheral equipments and expansions from the chart; also classic applications of PLC's each COM port, connection and expansions etc.



Note: In the above chart, the communication devices connected to the COM port are only samples for your reference. Each COM port can connect with many devices in real applications.

3-2. Peripheral Devices

CCSD series PLC basic units can work with many kinds of peripheral devices.

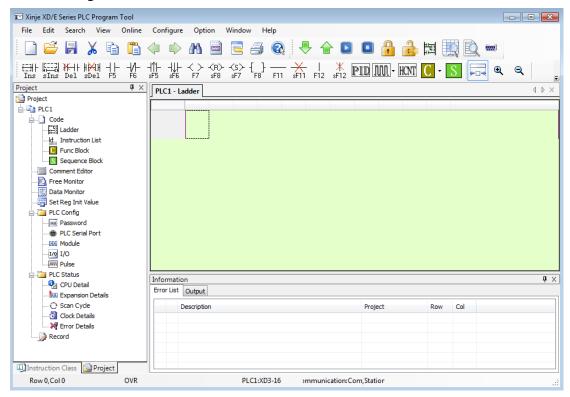
3-2-1. Program Software

In the programming software, it can write or upload programs to PLC, monitor the operation of PLC in real time, configure PLC and other functions. After the programming software "Xinje PLC programming tool software" is installed on the

personal PC, the connection between PLC and programming software can be realized by using USB download cable or programming cable through the USB port, COM0, COM1 port or RJ45 port of the basic unit.

Please use the special download cable for PLC provided by Xinje Company, or you can make your own cable. Please refer to Section 2-4 for the connection method.

• Program Interface



3-2-2 Human Machine Interface (HMI)

The HMI link PLC to the operators. The HMI can send the commands from operators to PLC, and then PLC executes the commands.

CCSD series PLC support diverse brands of HMI; the connection is based on the communication protocol. Generally communicate via Modbus protocol, the detailed parameters setting depends on the HMI.

The Xinje HMI can work with PLC directly (the communication parameters are set in accordance already). Presently Xinje HMI has TG, TH, TP, OP, MP series.

1 TG, TH series

• Size 4.3", 7", 8", 10.1", 10.4", 15.6"

• Display 16 million color,65536 color

• Operation touch screen

• Interface RS232, RS422, RS485, USB, Internet port

• Communication Work with many PLC brands, inverters, instruments etc.

Drive panel printer directly, support multiple printer.

Dual COM ports make it possible that work with 2 different devices at the same time.

Support free format protocol, users can write the driver program freely

- Recipe input different group of data in the table
- Picture Rich stereoscopic 3D gallery, font effects, data collect, data backup etc.
- Password nine-level setting
- Advanced function animation design and so on

2 OP Series

- Size 3.7"
- Display Blue LCD, 256 true color
- Buttons Nr. 7, 20 not touch screen
- Interface RS232, RS422, RS485
- Communication work with many PLC brands.

Communicate with Xinje Inverters

• RTC Built-in

3-2-3 Downloader

Downloader JD-P03 is suitable for data and program copy without PC.

(1) Suitable PLC

CCSD series PLC (CCSD-H cannot support) or ZG/ZP series integrated controller.

(2) Version

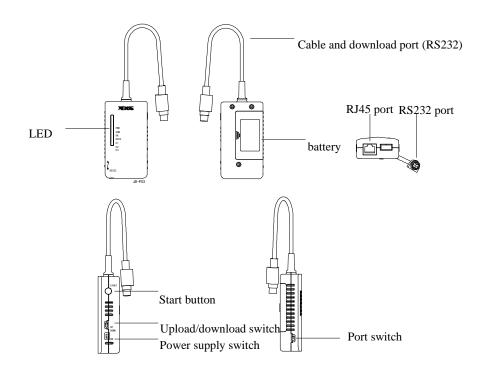
Model	Upload	Download
	(PLC→downloader)	(downloader→PLC)

PLC without	PLC firmware V3.4.6 and	PLC firmware V3.4 and
Ethernet port	up	up
PLC with Ethernet	PLC firmware V3.5.3 and	PLC firmware V3.5 and
port	up	up

(3) Basic specification

Item	Specification
Dimension	94.8mm×52.0mm×26.5mm
Using environment	No corrosive gas
Environment temperature	0°C~60°C
Environment humidity	5~95%

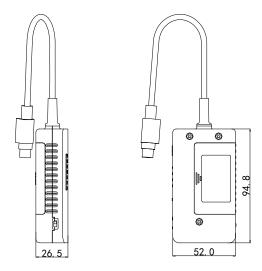
(4) Structure



Name		Function
	POWER	After the Downloader is powered on, the PWR is always on
	COM	When RS232 port has data receiving and sending, the COM flashes
LED		After the downloader completes the power on stop action to PLC, the OK light is always on, waiting for the user to press start button; then the
	OK	downloader starts the upload / download action, and the OK light is off;
		when the upload / download is completed, the OK light will slowly flash

	DATA	DATA light flashes in upload mode, DATA light is always ON in
		download mode
	E1	Error light 1
	E2	Error ilght 2
	E3	Error light 3
		Press this button to perform the upload or download operation; after the
Start		download is completed, this button can be used to run / stop the PLC,
button	START	press this button to run PLC once, press again to stop PLC (state
Dutton		alternation). During the process, the connection cannot be disconnected,
		otherwise the operation will be invalid
Upload/	UP	Program upload mode, PLC program upload to the downloader
download	DOWN	Program download mode, download program to PLC
switch	DOWN	
Power	ON	The downloader is powered by self generated battery (PLC is not
supply		necessary to connect power supply)
switch	OFF	The downloader is supplied by RS232 port (PLC must be connected to
SWITCH		power supply)
Port	RS232	Download / upload the program through RS232 port
switch	ETH	Download / upload the program through Ethernet port
		It can put two No.5 batteries to supply power to the downloader; it can
Dot	ttery	supply power to the PLC through 232 port, so that the PLC can also use
Da	itery	the downloader to download the program when the power is not
		connected
		① It is used for program upload / download; ② power supply for
RS232 port		downloader (PLC needs to be powered on) or PLC (battery
		power supply for downloader) through 232 port
Etham	net port	It is suitable for PLC download and upload with Ethernet port, but the
Etheri	iet port	firmware version cannot be updated
Cable and d	ownload port	RS232 serial port, used to connect downloader and PLC
(RS	232)	

(5) Dimension unit: mm



- (6) Preparation before uploading / downloading
- Communication port selection

Determine the communication interface to be used (RS232 / Ethernet port), and turn the "communication switch" to the corresponding interface.

• Mode selection

Determine the program upload and download mode, and turn the "upload / download switch" to the corresponding mode.

Hardware connection

If RS232 port is used, only RS232 port needs to be connected with RS232 port of PLC; if Ethernet port is used, Ethernet port and RS232 port need to be connected with Ethernet port and RS232 port of PLC at the same time.

• Power on

After connection, power on the PLC and downloader; after power on, the OK light of the Downloader is always on, and the COM light flashes for 2s and then goes out. At this time, it enters the pre-download / upload state.

Note:

- *1: There are two power supply modes for the downloader: one is to install two batteries (No. 5 batteries are installed); the other is to supply power from PLC through download cable.
- * 2: Connect the downloader to the PLC correctly and then power on to enter the pre-download / upload state; the modification mode is invalid after power on.

(7) Upload

• RS232 mode

When the downloader is in the upload mode, it is connected with the source PLC through the download cable and RS232 port, and then it is powered on. The downloader enters the pre-upload state, and press the start button to start uploading the program of the source PLC to the downloader. At this time, the data light and com light flash rapidly; after the upload is completed, the com light is off, the data and OK lights flash slowly at the frequency of 1Hz.

• Ethernet mode

When the downloader is in the upload mode, after connecting with the source PLC through the Ethernet port, download cable and RS232 port, the downloader enters the pre-upload state. Press the start button to start uploading the program of the source PLC to the downloader. At this time, the data light and act light (the yellow light above the Ethernet port) flash rapidly; after the upload is completed, the data light and OK light slowly flash at the frequency of 1Hz.

Note: The parameters of COM1 will be modified in the process of uploading, and the original parameters will be restored after power on again after uploading. Do not disconnect the power supply or disconnect the connection during the upload process, otherwise the parameters of COM1 will not be restored.

(8) Download

After uploading the program, turn the "upload / download switch" to down and power on again.

After the downloader enters the pre-download state, you can choose whether to download PLC data (HM, HD, FD and other power-off holding registers, serial port parameters, pulse configuration, etc.), and the specific operation is shown in the following table:

Tollowing	Need		
Port	download data	Operation method	Indicator status
RS232	No	Press STRAT button	The com light flashes quickly to start
		once	the download; after the download is
	Yes	Keep press START	completed, the com light is off, the
		until DATA is always	OK light is flashing slowly at 1Hz, and
		ON	the data light is always on
Ethernet	No	Press STRAT button	After the com light flashes twice, it
		once	goes out, and the act light (the yellow
	Yes	Keep press START	light above the Ethernet port) flashes
		until DATA is always	quickly, that is, the download starts;
		ON	after the download is completed, the
			OK light flashes slowly at 1Hz, and
			the data is always on

In the download process, after the com light is off, sometimes the data light is not on (the probability of this situation is very small), which is also a normal situation. After the com lamp is off, the com lamp will flicker intermittently in the download process, which is also normal.

Note:

*1: The status of the data light is not used as the sign of whether the download is completed or not. The OK light 1Hz slow flashing is taken as the completion mark of the download.

^{* 2:} If you choose not to download data, if it is an Ethernet PLC, you must ensure that the firmware version of the uploaded PLC is the same as that of the downloaded PLC, otherwise the data may be lost.

(9) Password protection function

If the source PLC contains a password, the downloader will compare and verify the password read in the internal with that of the PLC. If the verification is successful, the upload action can be carried out. The operation method for the downloader to read the password is as follows:

- Find a PLC that supports the downloader (the model does not need to be consistent with the source PLC), and write the password to HD0 ~ HD2 registers in ASCII code monitoring mode.
- Connect the PLC with the downloader through RS232 port. Select the
 downloader mode as "up". Press and hold start to power on, and the OK light
 and data light flash alternately, which indicates that the password is read
 successfully.
- Then according to the normal upload mode, the program and data in the source PLC can be uploaded to the downloader.

Note:

- *1: If the uploaded program contains a password, the program downloaded by the downloader also contains the same password; if the downloader reads the new password again, the program downloaded by the downloader will change to the new password.
- * 2: If the uploaded program does not contain a password, the program downloaded by the downloader does not contain a password, and the function of reading the password is invalid.

(10) PLC firmware update

When downloading, E1 and E3 lights flash alternately, indicating that the target PLC version is not supported. At this time, the PLC firmware version can be updated by forced download.

Operation method: press and hold the start button to power on, the ERR indicator light of PLC will flash rapidly, that is to say, the firmware will be updated. After the update, the data light will flash. Please do not power on again at this time. Press start or long press start to download normally.

Note:

The forced download function must be used when E1 and E3 indicator lights flash alternately and error is reported; if forced download is used, the parameters of COM1 port will be restored to the factory value, and the data of Ethernet PLC may be lost. It is recommended to download the data while downloading the program.

(11) Battery

When the battery is used as the power supply for PLC, due to the different power consumption of PLC of different models, the working time of battery is also different (the power consumption of Ethernet model is larger, and the more the number of points, the greater the power consumption). The following table lists the duration of continuous operation of some models powered by battery. The data is for reference only.

PLC model	Normal battery	Panasonic rechargeable
		battery (2450mAh)
CCSD-E30T4-E	about 30min	2h 40min
CCSD-E60T-E	about 30min	2h 20min

(12) Error indicator description

Error dicator	Description	Measures
	Description	Wieasures
status	DI CI I I	
E1 flash	PLC locked	Check that the password read is
		correct
E3 flash	The value in SD200~SD230 are	Check whether the SD register
	changed	has been modified
E1 and E2 flash	The source PLC version is older	Update the source PLC
at the same time	and does not support uploading	firmware to the latest version
E1 and E3 flash	Failed to read password or PLC	Check whether the source PLC
at the same time	firmware error, upload failed	can be used normally
E1 and E2 flash	Upload incomplete	Please upload the program
alternately		again
E1 and E3 flash	The target PLC version is older	Update firmware version by
alternately	and does not support	force download
	downloading	
E2 and E3 flash	The upload program is	The upload program must be
alternately	inconsistent with the download	consistent with the download
	model	model
E1, E2 and E3	PLC firmware error during	Check whether the PLC can
light up at	download, unable to connect	use the target normally
500ms		
frequency in		
turn		
E1, E2 and E3	Wrong selection of	Check whether the
extinguished at	communication port	communication port selection
500ms		switch is consistent with the
frequency in		communication port
turn		

3-3. Configuration Principle

COM port

- CCSD series PLC (CPU units) are usually equipped with COM1, COM2 and USB port.
- In principle, both ports can be used to program, download, communication; but please make sure not change the parameters of two ports at one time, otherwise the ports can't be used to program and download any more.
- COM1 is equipped with RS232. COM2 is RS485. The two ports are independent.
- The USB port is generally used for programming download and online monitoring, and the download speed is faster than COM1 and COM2.

About Expansion Devices

- Generally, one CPU unit can work with different types of expansions, can expand digital I/O, analog I/O, temperature control etc.
- CCSD-C/CCSD-E/CCSD-H can connect 16 modules.
- After connecting the CPU unit with the expansion, if the "PWR" LED of expansion ON, then the expansion can work properly; after installing the BD card to CPU unit, users need to configure it before using.

How to calculate the I/O

- I/O points include actual input and output points.
- After connect with the expansions, the total I/O points=I/O on basic unit + I/O on expansions.
- Digital I/O is octal.
- Analog I/O is decimal.
- After expansion, the total I/O can up to 572 points.

How to calculate the I/O

Basic Unit CCSD3-32R-E (18I/14O) connect with 5 CCSD-E8X8Y expansions, then the total I/O points should be:

Input Points: 18 + 8 * 5 = 58Output points: 14 + 8 * 5 = 54

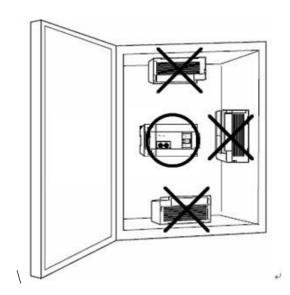
Total points: Input+ Output = 58+54=112

3-4. ID Assignment of Expansions

Sign	Name	Range	points
X	Input points	CCSD X10000~X10077 (#1 extension module) X11100~X11177 (#10 extension module) X11700~X11777 (#16 extension module) CCSD X20000~X20077 (#1 extension BD) X20100~X20177 (#2 extension BD) CCSD	1024
		X30000~X30077 (#1 extension ED) CCSD Y10000~Y10077 (#1 extension module)	64
Y		Y11100~Y11177 (#10 extension module) Y11700~Y11777 (#16 extension module)	1024
	Output points	CCSD Y20000~Y20077 (#1 extension BD) Y20100~Y20177 (#2 extension BD)	128
		CCSD Y30000~Y30077 (#1 extension ED)	64
extension module		CCSD ID10000~ID10099 (#1 extension module) ID10900~ID10999 (#10 extension module) ID11500~ID11599 (#16 extension module)	
	extension BD	CCSD ID20000~ID20099 (#1 extension BD) ID20100~ID20199 (#2 extension BD)	200
extension l	extension ED	CCSD ID30000~ID30099 (#1 extension ED)	100
QD	extension module	CCSD QD10000~QD10099 (#1 extension module) QD10900~QD10999 (#10 extension module) QD11500~QD11599 (#16 extension module)	1600
	extension BD	CCSD QD20000~QD20099 (#1 extension BD) QD20100~QD20199 (#2 extension BD)	200
	extension ED	CCSD QD30000~QD30099 (#1 extension ED)	100

3-5. Install The Products

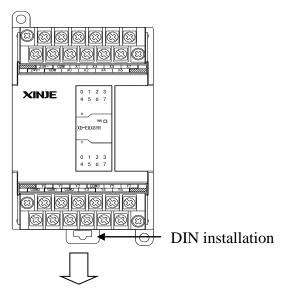
1 Installation Position



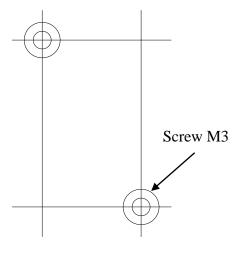
2 Installation Method

Use DIN or screws to install the CPU units and expansions.

• DIN46277



• Directly install by screws



Basic units or expansion modules install on DIN46277 rail (width 35mm). Pull down the hook on DIN rail and take down the product.

XL series PLC only supports rail installation.

3 Installation Environment

Please install the products according to chapter 2-1-1.

4 Power Supply Specification and Wiring Method

In this chapter, we tell the structure, specification and external wiring of CCSD series PLC. The wiring method differs due to different models, and the main difference is the terminals' position. About terminals arrangement, please refer to chapter 2-3.

4-1. Power Supply Specification

4-2. AC Power, DC Input Type

4-1. Power Supply Specifications

The power supply specifications of CCSD series PLC (Type with '-E' is AC power, type with '-C' is DC power).

1	AC
1	power

Items	Content
Rated Voltage	AC100V~240V
Allowed Voltage	AC100V~240V
Range	
Rated Frequency	50/60Hz
Allow momentary	Interruption Time≤0.5 AC cycle, interval≥
power off time	1second
Impulse Current	Max 40A below 5ms/AC100V max 60A
	below 5ms/AC200V
Maximum Power	15W (16 points and below)/30W (24 points
Consumption	and above)
Power Supply for	24VDC±10% 16 points max is 200mA, 32
Sensor	points max is 400mA

[№]1: Please use the wire cable more than 2mm² to avoid the decrease of voltage.

^{*3:} The grounding terminals on basic units and expansions connect together, and use the third type grounding.

2	DC Power
---	----------

^{※2:} Even power off in 10ms, the PLC can still keep working. But when power is off for long time or voltage abnormally decrease, the PLC will stop working, output will be OFF. When power is on again, the PLC will run automatically.

Items	Content
Rated Voltage	DC24V
Allowed Voltage Range	DC21.6V~26.4V
Input Current (Only for basic	120mA DC24V
unit)	
Allow momentary power off	10ms DC24V
time	
Impulse Current	10A DC26.4V
Maximum Power Consumption	15W (16 points and below)/30W
	(24 points and above)
Power Supply for Sensor	$24\text{VDC} \pm 10\%$ 16 points max is
	200 mA, 32 points max is
	400mA

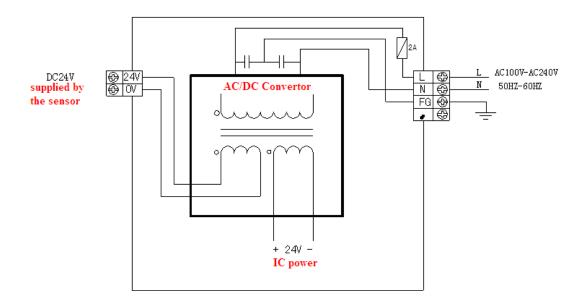
%1: CCSD series PLC provides DC24V power supply (terminal 24V, 0V), it can be power supply for sensor, $10\sim16$ points PLC DC24V is 200mA, 24/32/48/60 points PLC DC24V is 400mA. This terminal cannot connect to external power supply.

※2: ● is empty terminal, do not use it.

*3: Please connect the com terminal for basic unit and expansion module.

4-2. AC Power Supply and DC Input

1 Connection



- **※**1: Connect the power supply to L, N terminals.
- **2: The 24 V and 0 V terminals can be used as the power supply for the sensor. The 10 / 16 points is 200 mA / DC24 V, and 24 points and above is 400 mA / DC 24V. In addition, this terminal cannot be powered by an external power supply.
- *3: terminal is idle, do not wire outside or work as middle relay terminals.
- *4: Please connect the COM terminals on basic units and expansions together.

5 Input Specifications and Wiring Methods

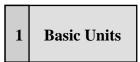
In this chapter we will introduce the input specification and external wiring methods of CCSD series PLC. The connection methods differ due to different models and the main difference is the terminals' arrangement. Each model's terminal arrangement, please refer to chapter 2-3.

- 5-1. Input Specification
- 5-2. DC Input Signal (AC power supply)
- 5-3. High Speed Counter Input

5-1. Input Specification

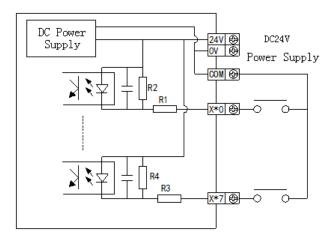
5-1-1. CCSD series input specification

CCSD series PLC input specification has NPN, PNP and differential modes, we will introduce the internal structure and wiring methods of the three modes as below:

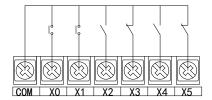


• NPN mode

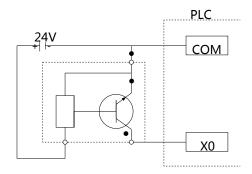
Input signal's	DC24V±10%
voltage	
Input signal's	7mA/DC24V
current	
Input ON current	Above 4.5mA
Input OFF current	Under 1.5mA
Input response	About 10ms
time	
Input signal's form	Contact input or NPN open collector
	transistor
Circuit insulation	Photo-electricity coupling insulation
Input action's	LED light when input ON
display	

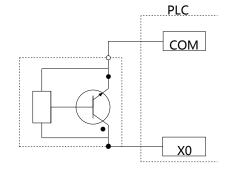


NPN wiring example



Switch button wiring diagram



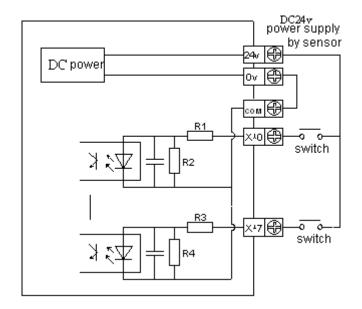


 $\label{eq:continuous} \textbf{3-wire}~(NPN)~proximity~switch~wiring~diagram$

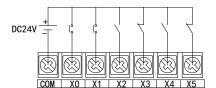
 $\hbox{$2$-wire (NPN) proximity switch wiring diagram}\\$

PNP mode

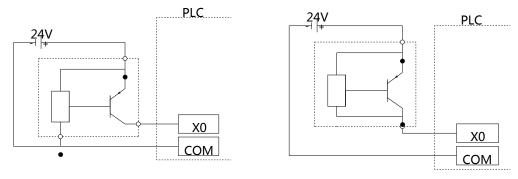
Input signal's	DC24V±10%
voltage	
Input signal's	7mA/DC24V
current	
Input ON current	Above 4.5mA
Input OFF current	Under 1.5mA
Input response time	About 10ms
Input signal's form	Contact input or PNP open collector
	transistor
Circuit insulation	Photo-electricity coupling insulation
Input action's	LED light when input ON
display	



PNP wiring example:



Switch button wiring diagram



3-wire (PNP) proximity switch wiring diagram

2-wire (PNP) proximity switch wiring diagram

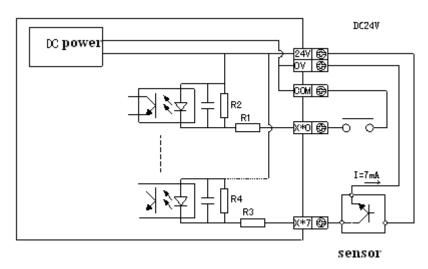
Note: the DC24V is provided by the PLC, no need to cnonect DC0V to com of input terminal. If using external power supply, it needs to connect it.

5-2. DC Input Signal (AC power supply)

Below contents are only fit for CCSD series PLC.

1 DC Input Signal

NPN mode



Input terminals

When connect input terminals and terminal COM with contact without voltage or NPN open collector transistor, if input is ON, LED lamp will light which indicates input is ON. There are many input terminals COM to connect in PLC.

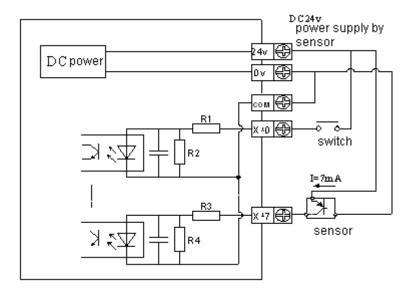
> Input circuits

Photo-electricity coupling is used to insulate between primary load circuit and secondary circuit. The secondary circuit with C-R filter is to avoid wrong operation caused by vibration of input contacts or noise along with input signal. For above-mentioned reasons, if input ON→OFF, OFF→ON, the response time delays about 6ms in PLC. There is a digital filter inside the input terminal.

> Input sensitivity

The PLC input current is DC24V 7mA, but to act correctly, the current should be above 4.5mA when input is ON and under 1.5mA when input is OFF.

PNP mode



- > Input terminals
 - When connect input terminals and terminal COM with DC24V contact or NPN open collector transistor, if input is ON, LED lamp will light which indicates input is ON. There are many input terminals COM to connect in PLC.
- Photo-electricity coupling is used to insulate between primary load circuit and secondary circuit. The secondary circuit with C-R filter is to avoid wrong operation caused by vibration of input contacts or noise along with input signal. For above-mentioned reasons, if input ON→OFF, OFF→ON, the response time

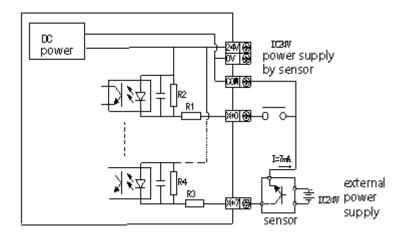
delays about 10ms in PLC. There is a digital filter inside the input terminal.

- > Input sensitivity
- ➤ The PLC input current is DC24V 7mA, but to act correctly, the current should be above 4.5mA when input is ON and under 1.5mA when input is OFF.

2 External circuit used for sensors

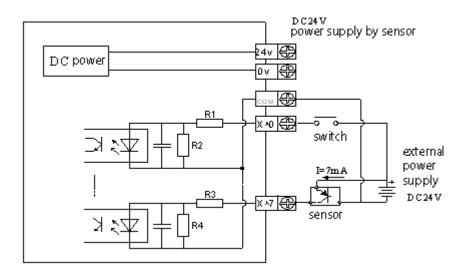
NPN mode

CCSD series PLC input current is supplied by its interior 24V power, so if use exterior power to drive sensor like photo electricity switch, the exterior power should be DC24V±4V, please use NPN open collector type for sensor's output transistor.



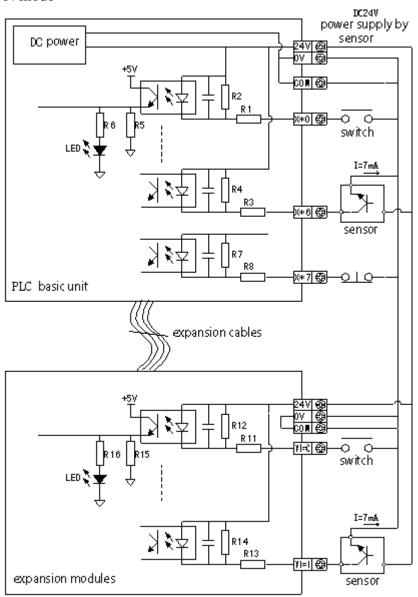
• PNP mode

CCSD series PLC input current is supplied by its interior 24V power, so if use exterior power to drive sensor like photo electricity switch, the exterior power should be DC24V±4V, please use PNP open collector type for sensor's output transistor.

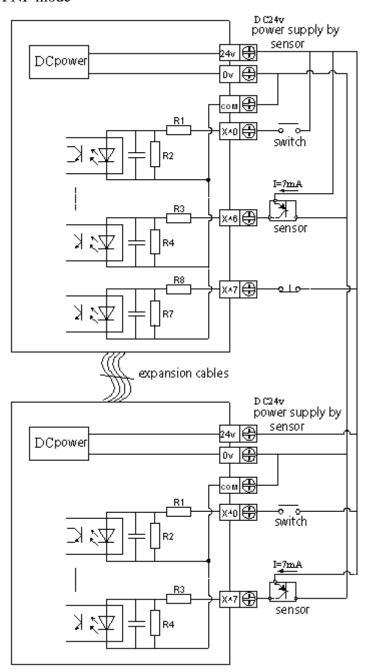


3 Input Wiring

• NPN mode



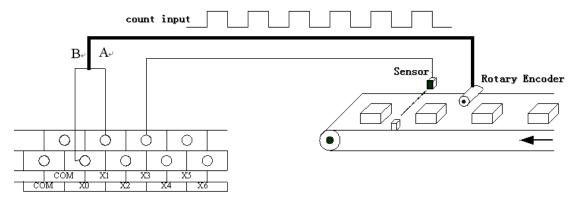
• PNP mode



5-3. High Speed Counter Input

CCSD series PLC support high speed count function which is irrelevant with the scan cycle and can test high speed input signal of measuring sensors and rotary encoders etc by selecting different counter, max measuring frequency can be up to 80KHz (differential model can up to 1MHz). Note:

(1) If PLC input is NPN type, please select NPN and DC24V collector open output encoder. If PLC input is PNP type, please select PNP and DC24V collector open output encoder.



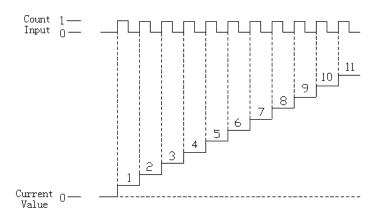
(2) When the input frequency is above 25Hz, please use high speed counter.

5-3-1. Counting mode

CCSD series HSC function has two counting modes: Increment mode and AB-phase mode.

1 Increment mode

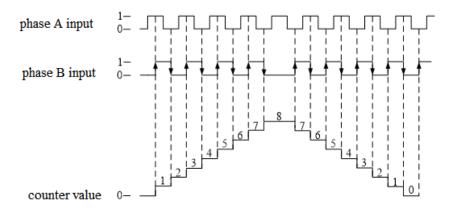
Under this mode, if counting input pulse signal, the counting value will increase one along with the rising edge of every pulse signal.



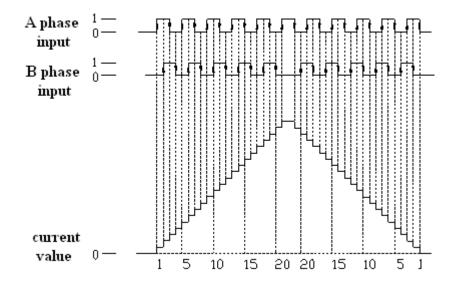
2 AB-phase

In this mode, the HSC value increase or decrease according to the two differential signal (A phase or B phase). According to the times number, the mode still can be divided to two modes (two-time frequency mode and four-time frequency mode). The default mode is four-time frequency mode.

Two-time Frequency Mode



Four-time Frequency Mode



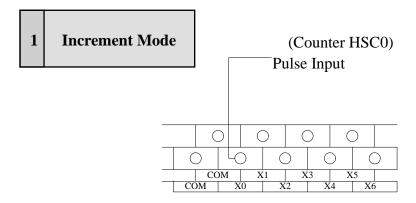
5-3-2. High Speed Counting Range

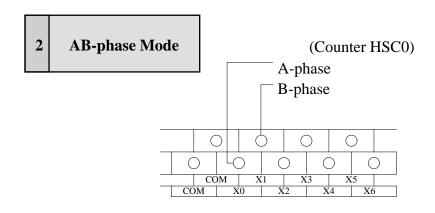
The HSC's counting range is: $K-2,147,483,648 \sim K+2,147,483,647$. If the counting value exceeds this range, up-flow or down-flow appears.

The up-flow means the counting value jumps from K+2,147,483,647 to K-2,147,483,648 and then continue to count. The down-flow means the counting value jumps from K-2,147,483,648 to K+2,147,483,647 and then continue to count.

5-3-3. The Input Wiring Of HSC

For input terminal wiring of pulse counting, it differs according to PLC types and counting modes. Some typical wiring methods are as below (take CCSD3-32 PLC as an example):





5-3-4. Input Terminals Assignment

1. High Speed Counters assignment of CCSD series PLC:

		HSC channel number			
	PLC model	Increment	AB-phase		
		mode	mode		
CCSD-C	24/32/48/60	10	10		
	24/30/60	4	4		
CCSD-E	30T4	3	3		
	60T4	4	4		
CCSD-H	30A16/30A16L	4	4		

2. Input Terminals definition of HSC:

Each letter's description:

U	A	В	Z
Counter's pulse input	A-phase input	B-phase input	Z-phase pulse capture

Note: Z phase function is in developping.

Normally, the input frequency of terminal X0, X1can reach 80KHz and 50KHz separately under single-phase and AB-phase mode; while other input terminals highest frequency can reach 10KHz under single-phase and 5KHz under AB phase mode. If X input terminals are not used as high speed input port, they can be used as common input terminals. Frequency times in the table: '2' stands for fixed 2 times frequency, '4' stands for fixed 4 times frequency, '2/4' stands for 2 or 4 times frequency adjustable. The detailed port assignment is shown as below:

	CCSD-E-24/30/60											
			Incre	ment M	ode				AB	phase me	ode	
	HSC0	HSC2	HSC4	HSC6	HSC8	HSC10	HSC12	HSC0	HSC2	HSC4	HSC6	HSC8
Highest frequency	80K	80K	10K					50K	50K	5K		
4 times frequency								2/4	2/4	2/4		
Counter interruption	\checkmark	V	V					$\sqrt{}$	V	\checkmark		
X000	U							A				
X001								В				
X002								Z				
X003		U							A			
X004									В			
X005									Z			
X006			U							A		
X007										В		
X010										Z		

	CCSD-C32/60T											
			Increme	nt Mode	e		AB phase mode					
	HSC0	HSC2	HSC4	HSC6	HSC8	HSC10	HSC0	HSC2	HSC4	HSC6	HSC8	HSC10
Highest frequency	80K	80K	80K	80K			50K	50K	50K	50K		
4 times frequency							2/4	2/4	2/4	2/4		
Counter interruption	√	V	$\sqrt{}$	V			$\sqrt{}$	V	√	\checkmark		
X000	U						A					
X001							В					
X002							Z					
X003		U						A				
X004								В				
X005								Z				
X006			U						A			
X007									В			
X010			_						Z	_		
X011				U						A		
X012										В		
X013										Z		

	CCSD-H30A16/30A16L											
			Increme	nt Mode	e		AB phase mode					
	HSC0	HSC2	HSC4	HSC6	HSC8	HSC10	HSC0	HSC2	HSC4	HSC6	HSC8	HSC10
Highest frequency	200K	200K	200K	200K			100K	100K	100K	100K		
4 times frequency							2/4	2/4	2/4	2/4		
Counter interruption	$\sqrt{}$	√	V	√			\checkmark	√	√	$\sqrt{}$		
X000	U						A					
X001							В					
X002							Z					
X003		U						A				
X004								В				
X005								Z				
X006			U						A			
X007									В			
X010									Z			
X011				U						A		
X012										В		
X013										Z		

5-3-5. AB Phase Counter's Frequency Multiplication Setting

To AB phase counter, users can modify the value in FLASH data registers SFD321, SFD322, SFD323......SFD330 to set the frequency multiplication value. When the value is 1, it is 1 time frequency; when the value is 4, it is 4 times frequency.

Register	Function	Setting value	Content
SFD320	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
SFD320	HSC0	4	4 times
SFD321	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
SFD321	HSC2	2	4 times
SFD322	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
3FD322	HSC4	2	4 times
SFD323	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
SFD323	HSC6	4	4 times
SFD324	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times

	HSC8	4	4 times
SFD325	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
SFD323	HSC10	4	4 times
SFD326	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
SFD320	HSC12	4	4 times
SFD327	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
3FD321	HSC14	4	4 times
SFD328	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
SFD328	HSC16	4	4 times
SFD329	Frequency Multiplication of	2	2 times
SFD329	HSC18	4	4 times

^{%1}: More about high speed counter application, please refer to CCSD series PLC users' manual 【Instruction】.

^{*2:} To some special models, only one axis can be set as 2 times frequency or 4 times frequency, the other two axis are separately 2 times frequency and 4 times frequency.

^{**3:} after setting the SFD register, please restart the high speed counter (cut off the trigger condition and turn on again) to make the setting effective.

6 Output Specification and Wiring Methods

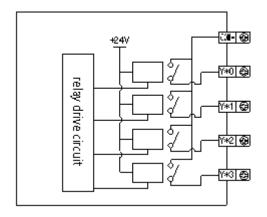
In this chapter we mainly introduce the output specification and external wiring methods of CCSD series PLC. The connection methods differ due to different models; the main difference is the terminals' arrangement. For each model's terminals arrangement, please refer to chapter 2-3.

6-1. Output Specifications6-2. Relay Output Type6-3. Transistor Output Type

6-1. Output Specification

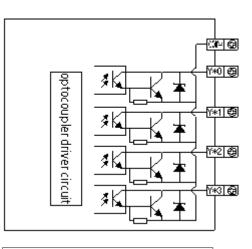
1 Relay Output

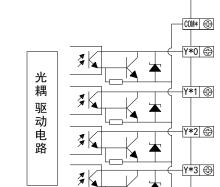
External p	ower	Below AC250V, DC30V			
Circuit ins	ulation	Mechanical			
		insulation			
Action ind	icator	LED			
	Resistant	3A			
	load				
Max load	Inductive	80VA			
Iviax ioau	load				
	Lamp	100W			
	load				
Mini load		DC5V 2mA			
Response	OFF→	10ms			
time	ON				
	ON→	10ms			
	OFF				



2 Normal Transistor Output

Exter	nal _]	power	Below DC5~30V			
Circu	it in	sulation	Light coupling			
			insulation			
Actio	n in	dicator	LED			
Max	Re	esistant	0.3A			
load	loa	ad				
	Inc	ductive	7.2W/DC24V			
	loa	ad				
	La	ımp load	1.5W/DC24V			
Mini	loac	l	DC5V 2mA			
Respo	on	OFF→	Below 0.2ms			
se tim	e ON					
		ON→	Below 0.2ms			
		OFF				





3 High Speed Pulse Output

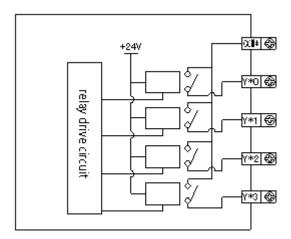
Model	RT, T, Tn models						
Uiah	None	Y0, Y1	Y4, Y6	Y0~Y3	Y0~Y5	Y0~Y11	Y10, Y12,
High							Y14, Y16
speed				CCSD-E-30T4			
pulse		Normal		CCSD-E-60T4	CCGP 5E COMC		
output	-	models	-	CCSD-H-30A16	CCSD5E-60T6	-	-
terminals				CCSD-H-30A16L			
External	Below DC5~30V						
power							
supply							
Action	LED indicator						
indicator							
Max	50mA						
current							
Max	100KHz (The maximum output frequency of Y2 and Y3 of CCSD3-24T4/32T4 is 20KHz)						
output							
frequency							

Note:

When using high-speed pulse output function, the PLC can output $100 \text{KHz} \sim 200 \text{KHz}$ pulse, but it can not guarantee the normal operation of all servos. Please connect about 500 ohms of resistance between the output and 24V power supply. PNP and NPN high-speed pulse output terminals are the same.

6-2. Relay Output Type

Relay Output Circuit



Output terminals

Relay output type has 2~4 public terminals. So each public-terminal unit can drive power system with different voltages (E.g.: AC200V, AC100V, DC24V etc.) load.

• Circuit's insulation

Between the relay output coils and contacts, PLC's interior circuits and exterior load circuits are electrical insulating. Besides, each public terminal and block are separate from each other.

Action display

LED lamp lights when output relays' coils energize, output contacts are ON.

Response time

From the output relay energize (or cut off) to output contact ON (or OFF), the response time is about 10ms.

Output current

The output current that current and voltage below AC250Vcan drive the load made up of resistance is 3A per point, inductive load below 80VA (AC100V or AC200V) and lamp load below100W (AC100V or AC200V).

• Open circuit's leak current

When output contact is OFF, there will be no leak current and can directly drive Ne lamp etc.

• The life of relay output contacts

Standard life of AC inductive load such as contactor, electromagnetic valve: according to company's useful life test, about 500 thousand times for 20VA

load; about 300 thousand times for 35VA; about 100 thousand for 80VA. But if the load parallel connect with surge absorber, the useful life will greatly improve.

Inductive load

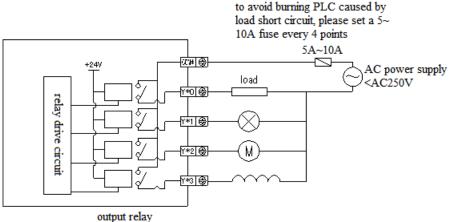
When the inductive load stops, there will be a large directional electromotive force between the load and the contact, and there will be arc discharge in this process.

Capacity load

During the use of capacitive load, the instantaneous impact current is about 20~40 times of the conventional current. Please note that the impact current should conform to the current value in the resistance load specification.

[Note]: Capacity load may also exist when the load is composed of a circuit such as a frequency converter.

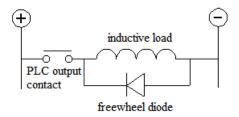
2 Output Connection Example



Constitution of output circuit

- For DC inductive load, please parallel connect with freewheel diode. Otherwise, contactor useful life will greatly decrease. Please select freewheel diode that can stand inverse voltage over 5~10 times of load voltage and forward current over load current.
- Parallel connection AC inductive load with surge absorber will decrease noise and increase service life of output delay.

4 DC Load

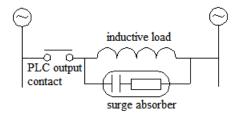


Note:

The freewheeling diode shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Reverse voltage $\approx (5\sim10)$ * load voltage.
- 2. Forward current > load current.

5 AC Load



Note:

The surge absorber shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. The rated voltage matches the load.
- 2. Electrostatic capacity ≈ 0.1 uf.
- 3. Resistance value $\approx 100 \sim 200 \,\Omega$.

6-3. Transistor Output Type

Transistor (NPN) output can support high speed pulse output and normal transistor two types.

Normal Transistor Output

Output Terminals

There are 1~4 COM outputs of CPU unit transistor outputs.

• External Power Supply Please use DC5~30V power supply to drive the load.

• Circuit Isolation

Inside PLC, we use photoelectric couplers to isolate between internal circuits and output transistors; besides, the COM terminal blocks are separate from each other.

Action Display

When photoelectric couplers drive, LED will be ON and the output transistors will be ON.

• Response Time

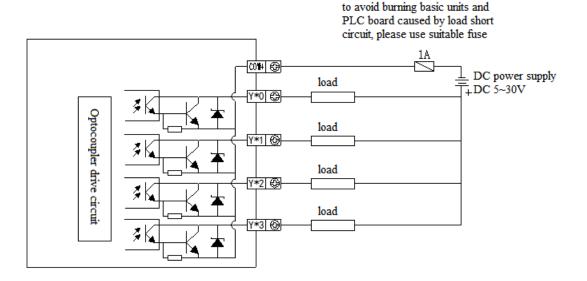
The time interval that PLC from photoelectric couplers energizing (or cutting) to transistor ON (or OFF) is below 0.2ms.

Output current

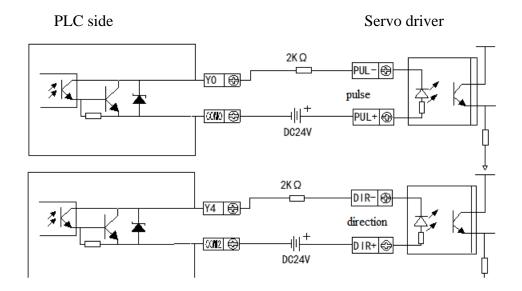
The current it outputs is 0.3A per point. But limited by the temperature rising, every 4 points current add up to 0.5A.

Open circuit current

Below 0.1mA



E.g.: Below is the connection of RT/T type PLC and servo driver diagram:



(Make sure the driver's photoelectric coupling input terminal has 8~15mA reliable current)

7 Run, Debug, Maintenance

In this chapter, we introduce CCSD PLC process of programming and using, which includes PLC run, debug and daily maintenance etc.

7-1. Run and Debug

7-2. Daily Maintenance

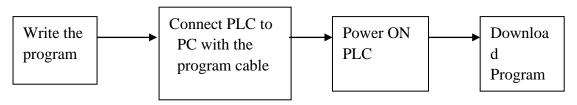
7-1. Run and Debug

1 Check the Products

Please check if the input/output terminals are correct and if there is any component missed when the users get the products. Generally, you can power on the PLC directly at this time and if products are normal, the PWR and RUN indicators will be ON.

2 Write and Download the Program

After confirming the products, write the program for PLC in your PC, and then download the program to PLC. The general operation steps are listed below:



*1: Please link the download cable before you power on the PLC. Otherwise, the COM port may be burned out! BD card and expansion connection is the same operation.

3 Debug the Products

In ideal condition, PLC is in running mode. But if you find some mistakes in the program and need modify, you should write program to the running PLC again.

- Connect PLC to PC with the program cable;
- Upload the program in PLC;
- Modify the uploaded program; and the modified program is suggested to save backup;
- Pause the running of PLC, and download the modified program to PLC;
- Use ladder monitor, free monitor to etc monitor PLC
- If the program still can't fulfill your requirement, you can go on modify it and download to PLC.

4 LED on PLC

- When PLC is running correctly, the **PWR** and **RUN** LED should be ON;
- If **ERR** LED is ON, it indicates that PLC running is in error, please correct the program in time.
- If **PWR** LED is OFF, it indicates that the power supply is in error, please check your wiring.

7-2. Daily Maintenance

Regular Check on Products

Even the PLC has certain anti-interference ability and strong stability, you should check the PLC regularly.

The check items include:

- Check if the input/output terminals, power supply terminals are loosen;
- Check if the ports are correct;
- Check if the PWR LED, I/O LED can be ON;
- Clear the dusts on PLC to avoid the dusts falling into PLC
- Manage to make PLC running and storage environment fits the standards described in chapter 2-1-1.

2 About the battery

The PLC can keep working if there is not component that could short its service life. But if the PLC supports clock function, its battery should be changed regularly.

- Battery service life normally is 3~5 years.
- Please change the battery once you find the battery power down.
- Please power the PLC on immediately after changing the battery. Otherwise, the battery power may run out.

3 Abandon

Abandon as industrial wast.

8 Switch between Soft Components

This chapter focuses on a special function of CCSD series PLC, switch between soft components. This special function simplifies the PLC daily maintenance greatly. To the maintenance person, they will not bother any more if the terminals are damaged.

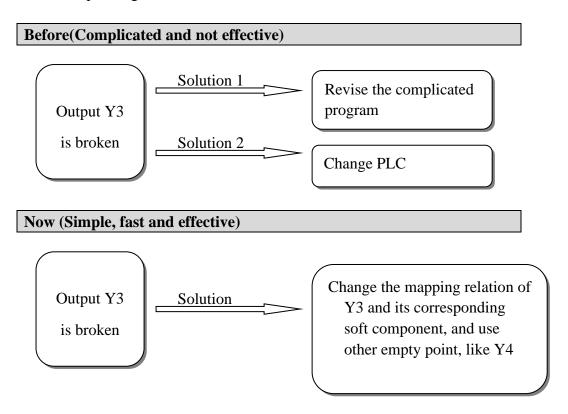
8-1. Function Summary

8-2. Operation Method

8-1. Function Summary

When the internal lighting coupling, relays or transistor are damaged, the corresponding input/output terminals will be out of use. Users either revise the program or ask the manufactures for help, which is very troublesome and affects the users' normal work schedule.

The new type PLC developed independently by Xinje can break the one-to-one correspondence, users only need to change the soft component's value by HMI, then the corresponding terminal will activate.



8-2. Operation Method

It no needs to revise the program when we change the damaged input/output point mapping relation and replace the damaged point. In PLC special registers, we allocate certain address section for users to change the mapping relation. Users just need to find and revise the damaged input/output mapping register, and replace the value in this special register with value of replaced input/output.

Method 1: modify the FD register, below is the table for modifying the input/output points' mapping ID:

ID	Function	Description
SFD10	I00 correspond to X**	0 of input corresponds to the number of X**
SFD11	I01 correspond to X**	
SFD12	I02 correspond to X**	
SFD87	I77 correspond to X**	Default is 77 (octal number)

Table 1 Mapping relation of the input and soft component

ID	Function	Description
SFD110	O00 correspond to Y**	0 of output corresponds to the number of Y**
SFD111	O01 correspond to Y**	
SFD112	O02 correspond to Y**	
SFD187	O77 correspond to Y**	Default is 77 (octal number)

As show in the table above, the default value in SFD10 is 0. If we replace it with value '7', then all X0 in the program will correspond to external input X7. But meantime you should replace the value in SFD17 with 0, to realize exchange. Then original X0 will correspond to X7, and original X7 will correspond to external input X0.

^{*1:} After changing the mapping relation, please power on PLC again.

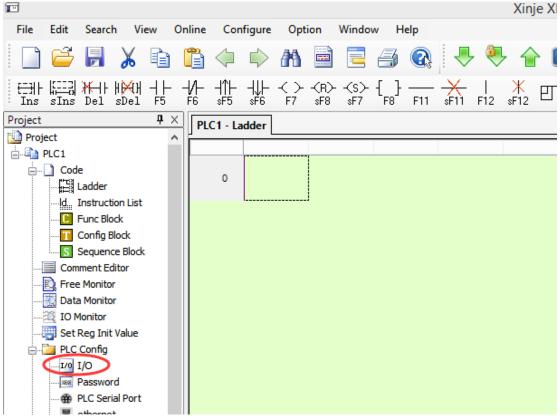
^{**2:} When change the mapping relation, please pay attention, input/output data is octal number while ID is decimal number.

^{*3:} Exchange the mapping relation when change. i.e. if modify X0 ID to be 5, make sure to change X5 ID to be 0;

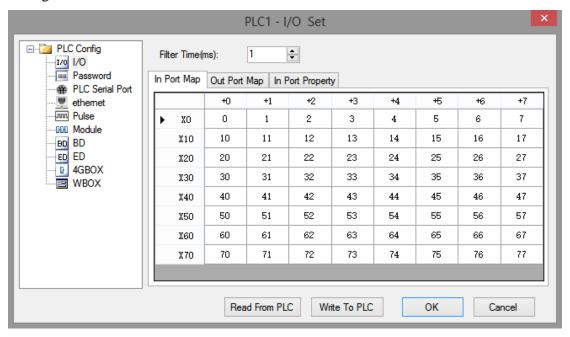
^{*4:} Mapping relation, one terminal corresponds to one soft component.

^{*5:} Users can modify the SFD value in the software, please see method 2.

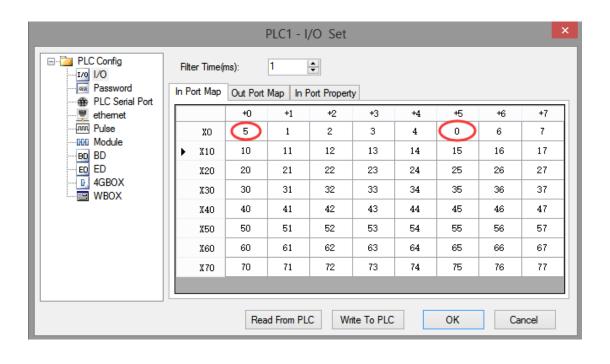
Method 2: modify in the software directly. Click the project bar/PLC config/I/O.



Change it in below window:



For example, it needs to switch X0 and X5, please change the mapping value of X0 to 5, X5 to 0.



Appendix 1 Special Soft Element Schedules

Appendix 1 mainly introduces the functions of CCSD series PLC special soft element, data register, FlashROM and the address distribution of expansions for users to search.

Appendix 1-1. Special Auxiliary Relay Schedules

Appendix 1-2. Special Data Register Schedules

Appendix 1-3. Special Module ID Schedules

Appendix 1-4. Special Flash Register Schedules

Appendix 1-1. Special Auxiliary Relay Schedule

Initial Status (SM0-SM7)

ID	Function	Descript	ion
SM000	Normally ON coil when operation	RUN	SM000 keeps ON when PLC running
SM001	Normally OFF coil when operation	SM0 SM1	SM001 keeps OFF when PLC running
SM002	Initial positive pulse coil	SM2	SM002 is ON in first scan cycle
SM003	Initial negative pulse coil	SM3 Scan period	SM003 is OFF in first scan cycle
SM004	PLC running error	When SM4 sets ON, it indicates that there is an error in the operation of PLC. (Firmware version V3.4.5 and above supports this function by PLC)	
SM005	Battery low alarm coil	When the battery voltage is less than 2.5V, SM5 will put ON (at this time, please replace the battery as soon as possible, otherwise the data will not be maintained)	

Clock (SM11-SM14)

ID	Function	Description
SM011	10ms frequency cycle	5ms 5ms
SM012	100ms frequency cycle	50ms × 50ms × 50ms

SM013	1s frequency cycle	0.5s 0.5s 0.5s
SM014	1min frequency cycle	30s 30s

Mark (SM20-SM22)

ID	Function	Description
SM020	Zero bit	SM020 is ON when plus/minus operation result is 0
SM021	Borrow bit	SM021 is ON when minus operation overflows
SM022	Carry bit	SM022 is ON when plus operation overflows

PC Mode (SM32-SM34)

ID	Function	Description
	Retentive register	When SM032 is ON, ON/OFF mapping memory of
SM032		HM,HS and current values of HT,HC,HD will be
	reset	reset.
SM033	Clear user's	When SM033 is ON, all PLC user's program will be
31/1033	program	cleared.
SM034	All output	When SM034 is ON, all PLC external contacts will
	forbidden	be set OFF.

Stepping Ladder

ID	Function	Description
SM040	The process is running	Set ON when the process is running

Interruption ban (SM50-SM90)

ID	Address	Function	Description
SM050	I0000/I0001	Forbid input interruption 0	A.C. C. El
SM051	I0100/I0101	Forbid input interruption 1	After executing EI instruction, the input
SM052	I0200/I0201	Forbid input interruption 2	interruption couldn't act
SM053	I0300/I0301	Forbid input interruption 3	independently when M acts, even if the
SM054	I0400/I0401	Forbid input interruption 4	interruption is allowed.
			E.g.: when SM050 is ON, I0000/I0001 is forbidden.
SM069	I1900/I1901	Forbid input interruption 19	10000/10001 15 1010144011
SM070	I40**	Forbid timing interruption 0	
SM071	I41**	Forbid timing interruption 1	After executing EI instruction, the timing
SM072	I42**	Forbid timing interruption 2	interruption couldn't act
SM073	I43**	Forbid timing interruption 3	independently when M acts, even if the
SM074	I44**	Forbid timing interruption 4	interruption is allowed.
SM089	I59**	Forbid timing interruption 19	
SM090		Forbid all interruptions	Forbid all interruptions

High Speed Ring Counter (SM99)

address	Function	Note
		SM99 set ON, SD99 add
SM099	High Speed Ring Counting enable	one per 0.1ms, cycle
		between 0 and 32767

High speed count complete (SM100-SM109)

Address	Function	Note
SM100	HSC0 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM101	HSC2 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM102	HSC4 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM103	HSC6 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM104	HSC8 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM105	HSC10 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM106	HSC12 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM107	HSC14 count complete flag (100 segments)	
SM108	HSC16 count complete flag (100 segments)	

	SM109	HSC18 count complete flag (100 segments)
DIV	1109	113C16 Count Complete Hag (100 segments

High speed counter direction (SM110-SM119)

Address	Function	Note
SM110	HSC0 direction flag	
SM111	HSC2 direction flag	
SM112	HSC4 direction flag	
SM113	HSC6 direction flag	
SM114	HSC8 direction flag	
SM115	HSC10 direction flag	
SM116	HSC12 direction flag	
SM117	HSC14 direction flag	
SM118	HSC16 direction flag	
SM119	HSC18 direction flag	

High speed counter error (SM120-SM129)

address	Function	Note
SM120	HSC0 error flag	
SM121	HSC2 error flag	
SM122	HSC4 error flag	
SM123	HSC6 error flag	
SM124	HSC8 error flag	
SM125	HSC10 error flag	
SM126	HSC12 error flag	
SM127	HSC14 error flag	
SM128	HSC16 error flag	
SM129	HSC18 error flag	

High speed counter overflow (SM130-SM139)

Address	Function	Note
SM130	HSC0 overflow flag	
SM131	HSC2 overflow flag	
SM132	HSC4 overflow flag	
SM133	HSC6 overflow flag	
SM134	HSC8 overflow flag	
SM135	HSC10 overflow flag	
SM136	HSC12 overflow flag	
SM137	HSC14 overflow flag	
SM138	HSC16 overflow flag	

SM139	HSC18 overflow flag	
3111139	nscro overnow mag	

Communication (SM140-SM193)

	Address	Function	Note
Serial	SM140	Modbus instruction execution	When the instruction starts to
port 0		flag	execute, set ON
			When execution is complete,
			set OFF
	SM141	X-NET instruction execution	When the instruction starts to
		flag	execute, set ON
			When execution is complete,
			set OFF
	SM142	Free format communication	When the instruction starts to
		sending flag	execute, set ON
			When execution is complete,
			set OFF
	SM143	Free format communication	When receiving a frame of
		receive complete flag	data or receiving data timeout,
			set ON.
			Require user program to set
			OFF
Serial	SM150	Modbus instruction execution	Same to SM140
port 1		flag	
	SM151	X-NET instruction execution	Same to SM141
		flag	
	SM152	Free format communication	Same to SM142
		sending flag	
	SM153	Free format communication	Same to SM143
		receive complete flag	
a	SM160	Modbus instruction execution	Same to SM140
Serial	G) 51 51	flag	G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
port 2	SM161	X-NET instruction execution	Same to SM141
	G2 54 52	flag	2 225112
	SM162	Free format communication	Same to SM142
	G) #1 62	sending flag	G
	SM163	Free format communication	Same to SM143
G : 1	G) #170	receive complete flag	g
Serial	SM170	Modbus instruction execution	Same to SM140
port 3	CN 4171	flag	G 4 GM141
	SM171	X-NET instruction execution	Same to SM141
		flag	

	SM172	Free format communication sending flag	Same to SM142
	SM173	Free format communication receive complete flag	Same to SM143
Serial port 4	SM180	Modbus instruction execution flag	Same to SM140
	SM181	X-NET instruction execution flag	Same to SM141
	SM182	Free format communication sending flag	Same to SM142
	SM183	Free format communication receive complete flag	Same to SM143
Serial port 5	SM190	Modbus instruction execution flag	Same to SM140
	SM191	X-NET instruction execution flag	Same to SM141
	SM192	Free format communication sending flag	Same to SM142
	SM193	Free format communication receive complete flag	Same to SM143

Sequence Function BLOCK (SM300-SM399)

ID	Function	Description
		SM300 will be ON when block1 is
SM300	BLOCK1 running flag	running
		SM301 will be ON when block2 is
SM301	BLOCK2 running flag	running
		SM302 will be ON when block3 is
SM302	BLOCK3 running flag	running
		SM303 will be ON when block4 is
SM303	BLOCK4 running flag	running
		SM304 will be ON when block5 is
SM304	BLOCK5 running flag	running
		SM305 will be ON when block6 is
SM305	BLOCK6 running flag	running
		SM396 will be ON when block97is
SM396	BLOCK97 running flag	running
		SM397 will be ON when block98 is
SM397	BLOCK98 running flag	running

		SM398 will be ON when block99 is
SM398	BLOCK99 running flag	running
		SM399 will be ON when block100 is
SM399	BLOCK100 running flag	running

Error check (SM400-SM414)

ID	Function	Description	
		ERR LED keeps ON, PLC don not run and output,	
SM400	I/O error	check when power on	
	Expansion module		
	communication		
SM401	error		
	BD		
	communication		
SM402	error		
SM405	No user program	Internal code check wrong	
	User program		
SM406	error	Implement code or configuration table check wrong	
		ERR LED keeps ON, PLC don not run and output,	
SM407	SSFD check error	check when power on	
SM408	Memory error	Can not erase or write Flash	
SM409	Calculation error		
SM410	Offset overflow	Offset exceeds soft element range	
	FOR-NEXT		
SM411	overflow	Reset when power on or users can also reset by hand.	
		When offset of register overflows, the return value will	
SM412	Invalid data fill	be SM372 value	
	Encryption check		
SM413	error		
	Flash register data		
SM414	error		

Error Message (SM450-SM465)

ID	Function	Description
SM450	System error check	

SM451	Hardfault interrupt flag
SM452	
SM453	SD card error
SM454	Power supply is cut off
SM460	Extension module ID not match
SM461	BD/ED module ID not match
SM462	Extension module communication overtime
SM463	BD/ED module communication overtime
	Extension module communication data
SM464	overflow
	BD/ED module communication data
SM465	overflow

Expansion Modules, BD Status (SM500)

ID	Function	Description
	Module status read is	
SM500	finished	

Appendix 1-2. Special Data Register Schedule

Battery (SD5)

ID	Function	Description
		It will display 100 when the battery voltage is
		3.1V, if the battery voltage is lower than
SD005	Battery register	2.5V, it will display 0, it means please
		change new battery at once, otherwise the
		data will lose when PLC power off.

Clock (SD10-SD019)

ID	Function	Description
SD010	Current scan cycle	100us, us is the unit
SD011	Min scan time	100us, us is the unit
SD012	Max scan time	100us, us is the unit
SD013	Second (clock)	0~59 (BCD code)
SD014	Minute (clock)	0~59 (BCD code)
SD015	Hour (clock)	0~23 (BCD code)
SD016	Day (clock)	0~31 (BCD code)
SD017	Month (clock)	0~12 (BCD code)
SD018	Year (clock)	2000~2099 (BCD code)
SD019	Week (clock)	0(Sunday)~6(Saturday)(BCD code)

Flag (SD020-SD031)

ID	Function	Note
SD020	Model type	
SD021	model (low-8) series (high-8)	
SD022	Compatiable system version (low) system version (high)	
SD023	Compatiable model version (low) model version (high)	
SD024	Model info	
SD025	Model info	
SD026	Model info	
SD027	Model info	
SD028	Suitable software version	
SD029	Suitable software version	
SD030	Suitable software version	
SD031	Suitable software version	

Step ladder (SD040)

ID	Function	Description
SD40	Flag of the executing process S	

High speed loop counter (SD99)

ID	Function	Description
CDOOO		When SM99 is ON< SD99 add 1 every
SD099	High speed loop counter	0.1ms, cycle from 0 to 32767

High Speed Counting (SD100-SD109)

ID	Function	Description	Note
SD100	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC00
SD101	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC02
SD102	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC04
SD103	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC06
SD104	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC08
SD105	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC10
SD106	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC12
SD107	7 Current segment (No. n segment) HSC14		HSC14
SD108	Current segment (No. n segment) HSC16		HSC16
SD109	Current segment (No. n segment)		HSC18

High speed counter error (SD120-SD129)

ID	Function	Note
SD120	HSC0 error info	
SD121	HSC2 error info	
SD122	HSC4 error info	
SD123	HSC6 error info	
SD124	HSC8 error info	
SD125	HSC10 error info	
SD126	HSC12 error info	
SD127	HSC14 error info	
SD128	HSC16 error info	
SD129	HSC18 error info	

communication (SD140~SD199)

	ID	Function	Note
	SD140	Modbus read write	0: correct
		instruction execution	100: receive error
		result	101: receive overtime
			180: CRC error
			181: LRC error
			182: station error
			183: send buffer overflow
			400: function code error
Serial			401: address error
port 0			402: length error
			403: data error
			404: slave station busy
			405: memory error (erase
			FLASH)
	SD141	X-Net communication	0: correct
		result	1: communication overtime
			2: memory error
			3: receive CRC error
	SD142	Free format	0: correct
		communication send	410: free format send buffer
		result	overflow
	SD143	Free format	0: correct
		communication receive	410: send data length overflow
		result	411: receive data short
			412: receive data long
			413: receive error
			414: receive overtime
			415: no start character
			416: no end character
	SD144	Free format	In bytes, there are no start and
		communication receive	stop characters
		data numbers	
	•••••		
	SD149		
	SD150	Modbus read write	0: correct
		instruction execution	100: receive error
		result	101: receive overtime
			180: CRC error
			181: LRC error
			182: station error
			183: send buffer overflow

	1		Tues a distribution of
			400: function code error
			401: address error
			402: length error
Serial			403: data error
port 1			404: slave station busy
			405: memory error (erase
			FLASH)
	SD151	X-Net communication	0: correct
		result	1: communication overtime
			2: memory error
			3: receive CRC error
	SD152	Free format	0: correct
		communication send	410: free format send buffer
		result	overflow
	SD153	Free format	0: correct
		communication receive	410: send data length overflow
		result	411: receive data short
			412: receive data long
			413: receive error
			414: receive overtime
			415: no start character
			416: no end character
	SD154	Free format	In bytes, not include start and
		communication receive	stop characters
		data numbers	
	•••••		
	SD159		
	SD160	Modbus read write	0: correct
		instruction execution	100: receive error
		result	101: receive overtime
			180: CRC error
			181: LRC error
Serial			182: station error
port 2			183: send buffer overflow
Port 2			400: function code error
			401: address error
			402: length error
			403: data error
			404: slave station busy
			405: memory error (erase
			FLASH)
	SD161	X-Net communication	0: correct
	30101		1: communication overtime
		result	2: memory error

			3: receive CRC error
	SD162	Free format	0: correct
		communication send	410: free format send buffer
		result	overflow
	SD163	Free format	0: correct
		communication receive	410: send data length overflow
		result	411: receive data short
			412: receive data long
			413: receive error
			414: receive overtime
			415: no start character
			416: no end character
	SD164	Free format	In bytes, there are no start and
		communication receive	stop characters
		data numbers	
	•••••		
	SD169		
Serial	SD170~SD179		
port 3			
Serial	SD180~SD189		
port 4			
Serial	SD190~SD199		
port 5			

Sequence Function Block (SD300-SD399)

ID	Function	Description
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD300	BLOCK1	monitors
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD301	BLOCK2	monitors
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD302	BLOCK3	monitors
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD303	BLOCK4	monitors
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD304	BLOCK5	monitors
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD305	BLOCK6	monitors
SD396	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK

	BLOCK97	monitors
	Executing instruction of The value will be used when BLOCK	
SD397	BLOCK98	monitors
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD398	BLOCK99	monitors
	Executing instruction of	The value will be used when BLOCK
SD399	BLOCK100	monitors

Error Check (SD400-SD414)

ID	Function	Note
SD400		
	Extension module no. of	
SD401	communication error	Means module no.n is error
	BD/ED module no. of	
SD402	communication error	
SD403	FROM/TO error type	
SD404	PID error type	
•••••		
SD409	Calculation error code	1: divide by 0 error
		2: MRST, MSET front operand address less
		than back operand
		3: ENCO, DECO data bits of encoding and
		decoding instructions exceed the limit.
		4: BDC code error
		7: Radical sign error
SD410	The number of offset	
	register D when offset	
	crosses the boundary	
SD411		
	Invalid data fill value (low	
SD412	16 bits)	
	Invalid data fill value (high	
SD413	16 bits)	
SD414	Flash register data error type	

Error Check (SD450-SD465)

ID	Function	Description
	1: Watchdog act (Default 200ms)	
	2: Control block application fail	
SD450	3: Visit illegal address	
	Firmware error type:	
	1: Register error	
	2: Bus error	
SD451	3: Usage error	
SD452	Hardware error	
SD453	SD card error	
SD454	Power-off time	
SD460	Extension module ID not match	
SD461	BD/ED module ID not match	
SD462	Extension module communication overtime	
SD463	BD/ED module communication overtime	
SD464	Extension module communication data overflow	
SD465	BD/ED module communication data overflow	

Expansion Modules, BD Status (SD500-SD516)

ID	Function	Description	
	Module number		
	Expansion modules:		
SD500	#10000~10015		
	BD: #20000~20001		
	ED: #30000		
	Expansion module, BD/ED		
SD501~516	status		16 registers

Module info (SD520-SD823)

ID	Function	Explanation	Note
SD520~SD535	Extension module info	Extension module 1	E1-
•••••	•••••	•••••	Each extension
SD760~SD775	Extension module info	Extension module 16	module, BD,
SD776~SD791	BD module info	BD module 1	ED occupies
SD792~SD807	BD module info	BD module 2	16 registers
SD808~SD823	ED module info	ED module 1	10 legisters

Expansion Module Error Information

ID	Function	Description	Note
SD860	Error times of module read		
SD861	Error types of module read	Module address error. Module accepted data length error. Module CRC parity error when PLC is accepting data. Module ID error. Module overtime error.	Expansio n module
SD862	Error times of module write		
SD863	Error types of module write		
SD864	Error times of module read		
SD865	Error types of module read	Module address error. Module accepted data length error. Module CRC parity error when PLC is accepting data. Module ID error. Module overtime error.	Expansio n module 2
SD866	Error times of module write		
SD867	Error types of module write		
SD920	Error times of module read		
SD921	Error types of module read	Module address error. Module accepted data length error. Module CRC parity error when PLC is accepting data. Module ID error. Module overtime error.	Expansio n module 16
SD922	Error times of module write		
SD923	Error types of module write		
SD924	Error times of module read		BD module 1

SD925	Error types of module read	
SD926	Error times of module write	
SD927	Error types of module write	
SD928	Error times of module read	
SD929	Error types of module read	BD
SD930	Error times of module write	module 2
SD931	Error types of module write	
SD932	Error times of module read	
SD933	Error types of module read	ED
SD934	Error times of module write	module 1
SD935	Error types of module write	

Version info (SD990~SD993)

ID	Function	Explanation	Note
SD990	Firmware version	Low 16-bit	
SD770	date	Low 10 bit	
SD991	Firmware version	High 16-bit	
3D991	compilation date	Tilgii 10-bit	
SD992	FPGA version	1. 1.61.4	
3D992	compilation date	Low 16-bit	
SD993	FPGA version	High 16 hit	
30393	compilation date	High 16-bit	

Special function (HSD50~HSD55)

ID	Function	Note
		Check the data changing if the value
HSD50	FLASH erasure count	of SFD, FD is abnormal
		CPU working time after power
HSD51	Power failure detection	failure, unit: 100us
HSD52	Last PLC run time (low 16-bit)	Double word unity 1s
HSD53	Last PLC run time (high 16-bit)	Double word, unit: 1s
HSD54	Current PLC run time (low 16-bit)	Double would wait to
HSD55	Current PLC run time (high 16-bit)	Double word, unit: 1s

Note: PLC firmware version v3.4.6 and above support this function.

Error history record (HSD80~HSD179)

ID	Function	Note
HSD79	Error list index value	
HSD80~HSD84	Error information 1	
HSD85~HSD89	Error information 2	
HSD90~HSD94	Error information 3	
HSD95~HSD99	Error information 4	
HSD100~HSD104	Error information 5	
HSD105~HSD109	Error information 6	(1) CCSD-C series
HSD110~HSD114	Error information 7	PLC only supports to
HSD115~HSD119	Error information 8	store 4 error history
HSD120~HSD124	Error information 9	information;
HSD125~HSD129	Error information 10	(2) This function
HSD130~HSD134	Error information 11	requires the
HSD135~HSD139	Error information 12	programming software
HSD140~HSD144	Error information 13	version v3.5.3 and
HSD145~HSD149	Error information 14	above.
HSD150~HSD154	Error information 15	
HSD155~HSD159	Error information 16	
HSD160~HSD164	Error information 17	
HSD165~HSD169	Error information 18	
HSD170~HSD174	Error information 19	
HSD175~HSD179	Error information 20	

Note: PLC firmware version v3.4.6 and above support this function.

Appendix 1-3. Special Flash Register schedule

Special FLASH data register SFD

* means it works only after repower on the PLC

I filtering

ID	Function	Description
SFD0*	Input filter time	
	Watchdog run-up time, default value is	
SFD2*	200ms	

Special function configuration (firmware version v3.4.6b and above)

ID	Function	Note
SFD3*	Special	Bit0: power down memory register fault handling. 0: the
	function	system will clear it; 1: it will not be processed.
	configuration	Bit1: execute user program in external interrupt program. 0:
	(default	execute in task; 1: execute in interrupt (in this mode, user
	value is	interrupt program cannot contain C language function
	0x0000)	block). This mode is usually used in the situation where the
		real-time performance of external signal is very high.
		Bit2: whether to raise the external interrupt priority, 0: no
		promotion, 1: promotion (to the highest).

Testing mode configuration (firmware version v3.4.6b and above)

ID	Function	Note
SFD4*	Testing	It is generally used to diagnose problems when PLC crashes.
	mode	Bit0: enable test mode. 0: not enabled; 1: enabled (ERR light
	configuration	will continue to flash).
	(default	Bit1: ERR light flashing state. 0:1ms task flicker (1Hz);
	value is	1:100us interrupt blink (10Hz).
	0x0000)	Bit2: whether to increase 100us interrupt priority. 0: no
		increase; 1: increase (to the highest).

I Mapping

ID	Function	Description	
SFD10*	I00 corresponds to X**	Input terminal 0 corresponds to X** number	0xFF means terminal bad, 0xFE means terminal idle

SFD11*	I01 corresponds to		
	X**		
SFD12*	I02 corresponds to		
	X**		
SFD73*	I77 corresponds to	Default value is 77	
	X**	Octonary)	

O Mapping

ID	Function	Description	
SFD74*	O00 corresponds to Y**	Output terminal 0 correspond to Y** number	0xFF means terminal bad, 0xFE means terminal idle
		Default value is 0	
SFD137* O77 corresponds to Y**		Default value is 77 (Octonary)	

I Attribute

ID	Function	Description	
SFD138*	I00 attribute	Attribute of input terminal 0	0: positive logic others: negative logic
SFD139*	I01 attribute		
SFD201*	I77 attribute		

High Speed Counting

ID	Function Description	
SFD320	USCO fraguency times	2: 2 times frequency; 4: 4 times frequency(effective at AB phase counting
3FD320	HSC0 frequency times	mode)
SFD321	HSC2 frequency times	Ditto
SFD322	HSC4 frequency times	Ditto
SFD323	HSC6 frequency times	Ditto
SFD324	HSC8 frequency times	Ditto
SFD325	HSC10 frequency times	Ditto
SFD326	HSC12 frequency times	Ditto
SFD327	HSC14 frequency times	Ditto
SFD328	HSC16 frequency times	Ditto
SFD329	HSC18 frequency times	Ditto
SFD330	Bit selection of HSC	bit0 corresponds to HSC0, bit1corresponds
	absolute and relative (24	to HSC2, and so on, bit9 corresponds to

	segment)	HSC18
		0: relative
		1: absolute
		bit0 corresponds to HSC0, bit1corresponds
	Interrupt circulating of 24	to HSC2, and so on, bit9 corresponds to
SFD331	segments high speed	HSC18
	counting	0: single
		1: loop
		bit0 corresponds to HSC0, bit1corresponds
		to HSC2, and so on, bit9 corresponds to
SFD332	CAM function	HSC18
		0: do not support CAM function
		1: support CAM function

Expansion Module Configuration

ID	Function	Explanation	
SFD340	Extension module configuration	Configuration Status of Extension	
3FD340	status (#1#2)	Modules 1 and 2	
SFD341	Extension module configuration	Configuration Status of Extension	
3FD341	status (#3#4)	Modules 3 and 4	
•••••	•••••		
SFD347	Extension module configuration	Configuration Status of Extension	
SFD347	status (#15#16)	Modules 15 and 16	
CED 240	BD module configuration status	Configuration Status of BD	
SFD348	(#1#2)	Modules 1 and 2	
CED240	ED module configuration status	Configuration Status of ED Module	
SFD349	(#1)	1	
SFD350	Extension module configuration	Configuration of Entancies Module	
:		Configuration of Extension Module	
SFD359		1	
SFD360	Extension module configuration	Configuration of Extension Module	
:		Configuration of Extension Module 2	
SFD369			
:	:		
SFD500		Configuration of Entension Module	
:	Extension module configuration	Configuration of Extension Module 16	
SFD509		10	
SFD510			
:	BD module configuration	Configuration of BD Module 1	
SFD519			
SFD520			
:	BD module configuration	Configuration of BD Module 2	
SFD529			

SFD530		
:	ED module configuration	Configuration of ED Module 1
SFD539		

Communication

ID	Function	Note			
SFD600	COM1 free format communication	0: 8-bit	1: 16-bit		
3LD000	buffer bit numbers	0: 8-bit			
SFD610	COM2 free format communication	0. 8 hit	1. 16 1.4		
350010	buffer bit numbers	0. 8-011	1: 16-bit		
SED 620	COM3 free format communication	0: 8-bit	1. 16 hit		
SFD620	buffer bit numbers	0: 8-bit	1: 16-bit		
SFD630	COM4 free format communication	0. 0 1.4	1. 16 k4		
2LD030	buffer bit numbers	0: 8-bit	1: 16-bit		
CED (40	COM5 free format communication	0. 9 hit	1. 16 k4		
SFD640	buffer bit numbers	0: 8-bit	1: 16-bit		

Appendix 2 Instruction Schedule

In appendix 2 all instructions that CCSD series PLC support will be listed, including basic instructions, application instructions, special function instructions and motion control instructions and all instructions' corresponding application range will also be listed.

This part helps the users refer to instruction functions quickly. More about instructions application, please refer to CCSD Series Programmable Controller 【Instruction Part】.

Appendix 2-1. Basic Instruction List

Appendix 2-2. Application Instruction List

Appendix 2-3. Special Function Instruction List

Appendix 2-1. Basic Instruction List

Mnemonic	Function
LD	Initial logical operation contact type: NO(normally open)
LDI	Initial logical operation contact type: NC (normally closed)
OUT	Final logic operation type: coil drive
AND	Serial connection of NO
ANI	Serial connection of NC
OR	Parallel connection of NO
ORI	Parallel connection of NC
LDP	Operation start of pulse rising edge
LDF	Operation start of pulse falling edge
ANDP	Serial connection of pulse rising edge
ANDF	Serial connection of pulse falling edge
ORP	Parallel connection of pulse rising edge
ORF	Parallel connection of pulse rising edge
LDD	Read directly from the contact state
LDDI	Read directly NC
ANDD	Read directly from the contact state and connect serially
ANDDI	Read NC and connect serially
ORD	Read directly from the contact state and parallel connection
ORDI	Read NC and parallel connection
OUTD	Output the point directly
ORB	Parallel connection of serial circuit
ANB	Serial connection of parallel circuit
MCS	New bus line start
MCR	Bus line return
ALT	Alternate coil state
PLS	Connect on a scan cycle of pulse rising edge
PLF	Connect on a scan cycle of pulse falling edge
SET	Set coil on
RST	Set coil off
OUT	Drive counting coil
RST	Set coil off and current value rest to zero
END	I/O process and return to step 0
GROUP	Instruction block fold start
GROUPE	Instruction block fold end
TMR	Timing

Appendix 2-2. Application Instruction List

Sort	Mnemonic	Function					
	CJ	Condition jump					
	CALL	Call subroutine					
	SRET	Subroutine return					
	STL	Flow start					
	STLE	Flow end					
Program	SET	Open the assigned flow and close the					
flow		current flow					
	ST	Open the assigned flow and do not close					
		the current flow					
	FOR	Start of a FOR-NEXT loop					
	NEXT	END of a FOR-NEXT loop					
	FEND	End of main program					
	LD=*1	LD activate if $(S1) = (S2)$					
	LD>*1	LD activate if (S1) > (S2)					
	LD<**1	LD activate if (S1) < (S2)					
	LD<>*1	LD activate if $(S1) \neq (S2)$					
	LD>=*1	LD activate if $(S1) \ge (S2)$					
	LD<=**1	LD activate if $(S1) \le (S2)$					
	AND=*1	AND activate if $(S1) = (S2)$					
	AND>*1	AND activate if (S1) > (S2)					
Data	AND<**1	AND activate if (S1) < (S2)					
compare	AND<>*1	AND activate if $(S1) \neq (S2)$					
	$AND>=^{*1}$	AND activate if $(S1) \ge (S2)$					
	AND<=*1	AND activate if $(S1) \leq (S2)$					
	$OR=^{*1}$	OR activate if $(S1) = (S2)$					
	OR>*1	OR activate if $(S1) > (S2)$					
	OR<**1	OR activate if (S1) < (S2)					
	OR<>*1	OR activate if $(S1) \neq (S2)$					
	OR>=*1	OR activate if $(S1) \ge (S2)$					
	OR<=**1	OR activate if $(S1) \leq (S2)$					
	CMP**1	Data compare					
	QCMP	64-bit data compare					
	ZCP**1	Data zone compare					
Data mana	MOV ^{*1}	Move					
Data move	BMOV	Block move					
	PMOV	Block move					
	FMOV ^{*1}	Multi-bit data move					
	EMOV	Float move					

	EDMOV	Double precision floating point number transmission					
	FWRT*1	FlashROM written					
	MSET	Multi data set					
	ZRST	Zone reset					
	SWAP	Switch high bytes and low bytes					
	XCH*1	Exchange data					
	QMOV	64-bit move					
	QFWRT	64-bit FlashROM write in					
	ADD ^{**1}	Addition					
	SUB**1	Subtraction					
	MUL*1	Multiplication					
	DIV ^{**} 1	Division					
	INC*1	Increase 1					
	DEC ^{**} 1	Decrease 1					
	MEAN*1	Mean					
	WAND*1	Logic and					
Data	WOR*1	Logic or					
operation	WXOR*1	Logic exclusive or					
•	CML*1	Complement					
	NEG ^{*1}	Negative					
	QADD	64-bit addition					
	QMUL	64-bit multiplication					
	QINC	64-bit increase 1					
	QSUB	64-bit subtraction					
	QDIV	64-bit division					
	QDEC	64-bit decrease 1					
	SHL*1	Arithmetic shift left					
	SHR*1	Arithmetic shift right					
	LSL*1	Logic shift left					
	LSR*1	Logic shift right					
Data ahift	ROL [™] 1	Rotation shift left					
Data shift	ROR [∗] 1	Rotation shift right					
	SFTL**1	Bit shift left					
	SFTR*1	Bit shift right					
	WSFL	Word shift left					
	WSFR	Word shift right					
	WTD	Single word integer convert to double					
Data	w.1	word integer					
switch	FLT ^{*1}	16 bits integer convert to float					
SWILLI	FLTD ^{*1}	64 bits integer convert to float					
	INT ^{**1}	Float convert to integer					

BIN	BCD convert to binary
BCD	Binary convert to BCD
ASCI	Hex convert to ASC II
HEX	ASC II convert to Hex
DECO	Coding
ENCO	High bit coding
ENCOL	Low bit coding
QFLTD	64 bits integer to double precision
	floating-point number
QINTD	double precision floating-point number to 64 bits integer
DFLTD	Convert doubleword integer to double precision floating-point number
DINTD	Convert double precision floating point number to doubleword integer

Sort	Mnemonic	Function				
	ECMP ^{**} ²	Float compare				
	EZCP**2	Float zone compare				
	EADD**2	Float addition				
	ESUB**2	Float subtraction				
	EMUL*2	Float multiplication				
	EDIV ^{**2}	Float division				
	ESQR ^{**2}	Float square root				
	SIN ^{**2}	Sine				
Float	COS ^{*2}	Cosine				
Operation	TAN ^{**2}	tangent				
	ASIN**2	Float arcsin				
	ACOS ^{**2}	Float arccos				
	ATAN**2	Float arctan				
	EDADD	Double precision addition				
	EDMUL	Double precision multiplication				
	EDCMP	Double precision compare				
	EDSUB	Double precision subtraction				
	EDDIV	Double precision division				
	TRD	Read RTC data				
	TWR	Write RTC data				
	MOV	Precise RTC BD board data reading				
Clock	TO	Precise RTC BD board data writing				
	TADD	Clock data add				
	TSUB	Clock data substraction				
	HTOS	Hour, minute, second convert to				

	second
STOH	Second convert to hour, minute,
	second
TCMP	Time (hour, minute, second)
	comparison
DACMP	Date (year, month, day) comparison

※1: All the instructions are 16 bits and no 32 bits format in general.※1 has 32 bits.32 bits instructions are added D in front of its 16 bits instruction. Such as ADD(16 bits) / DADD(32 bits).

*2: These instructions are 32 bits, and have no 16 bits format.

Appendix 2-3. Special Instructions List

Sort	Mnemonic	Function					
	PLSR*1	multi-segment pulse output					
	PLSF ^{*1}	variable frequency pulse output					
	DRVI ^{*2}	Relative single segment pulse output					
Pulse	DRVA ^{**2}	Absolute single segment pulse output					
	STOP	Pulse stop					
	GOON	Pulse continue					
	ZRN ^{*1}	Mechanical origin return					
High speed	CNT ^{*2}	Single-phase high speed count					
count	CNT_AB**2	AB phase high speed count					
	RST	High speed counter reset					
	DMOV ^{*2}	Read and write the high speed counter					
High speed	CNT ^{**2}	Single-phase 100 segments high					
counter		speed counter(with interruption)					
interruption	CNT_AB ^{**2}	AB-phase 100 segments high speed					
		counter(with interruption)					
	COLR	MODBUS coil read					
	INPR	MODBUS input coil read					
	COLW	MODBUS single coil write					
MODBUS	MCLW	MODBUS multi coil write					
communication	REGR	MODBUS register read					
	INRR	MODBUS input register read					
	REGW	MODBUS single register write					
	MRGW	MODBUS multi register write					
Precision	STR*2	Precision timing					
timing	DMOV*1	Read precise timing register					
	STOP	Stop precise timing					
	EI	Enable interrupt					
Interrupt	DI	Disable interrupt					
	IRET	Interrupt return					
	SBSTOP	BLOCK stop					
BLOCK	SBGOON	Carry on the suspensive BLOCK					
DLOCK	WAIT	Wait					
	FROM/TO	Read/write module					
Othors	PWM	Pulse width modulation					
Others	PID	PID operation control					
	NAME_C	C function block					

- ※1: All the instructions are 16 bits except the instructions with
 ※1 which has 32 bits. 32 bits instructions are added D in front of its 16bits instruction. Such as ADD(16bits) / DADD(32bits).
- ****2:** The table doesn't include X-NET instructions, please refer to X-NET fieldbus manual.

Appendix 3 PLC Configuration List

This part is used to check each model's configurations. Via this table, we can judge products type easily.

 \circ Selectable \times Not support $\sqrt{\text{Support}}$

Series	USB	232	485	Ether net	Extens ion modul	BD	ED	OC	SC Differ	Pulse o	output Differ	External interrupt
					e				ential	normar	ential	
					CC	SD-C seri	ies					
CCSD-C32	×	2	1	×	16	1	1	4	×	2	×	10
CCSD-C60	×	2	1	×	16	2	1	4	×	2	×	10
	CCSD-E series											
CCSD-E24	×	1	1	2	16	1	1	3	×	2	×	10
CCSD-E30	×	1	1	2	16	1	1	3	×	2	×	10
CCSD-E30T4	×	1	1	2	16	1	1	4	×	4	×	10
CCSD-E60	×	1	1	2	16	2	1	3	×	2	×	10
CCSD-E60T4	×	1	1	2	16	2	1	4	×	4	×	10
					CC	SD-H seri	ies					
CCSDH-30A1	×	1	1	2	16	×	1	4	×	4	×	10
6												
CCSDH-30A1	×	1	1	2	16	×	1	4	×	4	×	10
6L												

Note:

1: All models are equipped with clock function as standard.

2: Only models with transistor output support the pulse output function.

Appendix 4 Common Questions Q&A

The following are the common questions may happen when using the PLC.

Q1: Why the coil is not set when the condition is satisfied?

- **A1:** The possible reasons:
 - (1) Users may use one coil for many times, which leads to double coils output. And at this time, the later coil has priority.
 - (2) Coil may be reset, users can find the reset point by monitor function and modify the program.

Q2: What's the difference between COM1 and COM2?

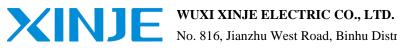
A2: Both COM1 and COM2 support Modbus-RTU and Modbus-RTU/ASCII format. The difference is COM1 parameters can be set to default value by power on and off function of PLC.

Q3: Why PLC can not communicate with other devices?

- **A3:** The possible reasons:
- (1) communication parameters: PLC com port and device parameters must be the same.
- (2) communication cable: Confirm connection correct and good and change cable to try again.
 - (3) communication serial port: Check the port by downloading PLC program. Rule out this problem if download successfully.
 - (4) contact manufacturer if all the above are ruled out.

Q4: How long can the PLC battery be used?

A4: Normally for 2~3 years.





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